# **Edgecombe County**

2019 Community
Health Needs
Assessment

## Acknowledgements

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## **Executive Summary**

Edgecombe County is pleased to present its 2019 Community Health Needs Assessment. This report provides an overview of the methods and process used to identify and prioritize significant health needs in Edgecombe County. This document serves as the 2019 CHNA for Vidant Edgecombe Hospital and the 2018 CHNA for Edgecombe County Health Department.

#### Service Area

The service area for this report is defined as the geographical boundary of Edgecombe County, North Carolina. Edgecombe County is located inland from the coastal part of the state and covers an area of over 507 square miles, of which 505 square miles is land and 1.3 square miles is water.

## **Methods for Identifying Community Health Needs**

#### **Secondary Data**

Secondary data used for this assessment were collected and analyzed from Conduent HCI's community indicator database. The database, maintained by researchers and analysts at Conduent HCI, includes over 100 community indicators from various state and national data sources such as the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the American Community Survey. See <a href="Appendix B">Appendix B</a> for a full list of data sources used.

Indicator values for Edgecombe County were compared to North Carolina counties and U.S. counties to identify relative need. Other considerations in weighing relative areas of need included comparisons to North Carolina state values, comparisons to national values, trends over time, Healthy People 2020 targets and Healthy North Carolina 2020 targets. Based on these seven different comparisons, indicators were systematically ranked from high to low need. For a detailed methodology of the analytic methods used to rank secondary data indicators see Appendix B.

#### **Primary Data**

The primary data used in this assessment consisted of (1) a community survey distributed through online and paper submissions and (4) focus group discussions. Over 400 Edgecombe County residents contributed their input on the community's health and health-related needs, barriers, and opportunities, with special focus on the needs of vulnerable and underserved populations.

See Appendix C for all primary data collection tools used in this assessment.

## **Summary of Findings**

The CHNA findings are drawn from an analysis of an extensive set of secondary data (over 100 indicators from national and state data sources) and in-depth primary data from community leaders, health and non-health professionals who serve the community at large, vulnerable populations, and populations with unmet health needs. Through a synthesis of the primary and secondary data the significant health needs were determined for Edgecombe County and are displayed in

Table 1.

Table 1. Significant Health Needs

Access to Health Services

Diabetes

Economy

Exercise, Nutrition & Weight

Maternal, Feta & Infant Health

Occupational & Environmental

Health

Substance Abuse

Transportation

## **Selected Priority Areas**

Based on a complete review of the data and consideration of existing resources and programming in the county, the significant health priorities identified by the county are as follows:

- Chronic Disease Prevention and Management
- Health Equity
- Mental Health

#### **Conclusion**

This report describes the process and findings of a comprehensive health needs assessment for the residents of Edgecombe County, North Carolina. The prioritization of the identified significant health needs will guide community health improvement efforts of Edgecombe County. Following

this process, Edgecombe County will outline how they plan to address the prioritized health needs in their implementation plans.

#### Introduction

Edgecombe County is pleased to present the 2019 Community Health Needs Assessment, which provides an overview of the significant community health needs identified in Edgecombe County, North Carolina.

The goal of this report is to offer a meaningful understanding of the most pressing health needs across Edgecombe County, as well as to guide planning efforts to address those needs. Special attention has been given to the needs of vulnerable populations, unmet health needs or gaps in services, and input gathered from the community.

Findings from this report will be used to identify, develop and target initiatives to provide and connect community members with resources to improve the health challenges in their communities.

The 2019 Edgecombe County Community Health Needs Assessment was developed through a partnership between the Edgecombe County Health Department, Vidant Edgecombe Hospital, Health ENC and Conduent Healthy Communities Institute, with Vidant Health serving as the fiscal sponsor.

#### **About Health ENC**

Initiated in 2015 by the Office of Health Access at the Brody School of Medicine at East Carolina University, Health ENC grew out of conversations with health care leaders about improving the community health needs assessment (CHNA) process in eastern North Carolina. Health ENC, now a program of the Foundation for Health Leadership and Innovation (FHLI), coordinates a regional CHNA in 33 counties of eastern North Carolina. In addition, the Health ENC Program Manager works to build coalitions and partnerships that will address health issues identified through the regional CHNA process.

As part of the Affordable Care Act, not for profit and government hospitals are required to conduct CHNAs every three years. Similarly, local health departments in North Carolina are required by the Division of Public Health (DPH) in the NC Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) to conduct periodic community health assessments as well. Local health departments have been required to submit their community health needs assessments once every four years. The particular year CHNA submissions are made by hospitals within a three-year cycle or by local health departments within a four-year cycle is not uniform across the state or region.

Additionally, although local health departments and hospitals have guidance from their respective oversight authorities on how to conduct and report the results of their CHNAs, that guidance allows for wide variations in the execution of these reports. The methodologies, specific data items gathered, the interpretation of the data as well as the general approach and scope of one CHNA may have little resemblance to a CHNA in another jurisdiction or conducted by another organization.

For these reasons, health care leaders across eastern North Carolina have partnered to standardize the CHNA process for health departments and hospitals in the region. This effort will also sync all

participant organizations on to the same assessment cycle. Combining efforts of local health departments and hospitals in a regional CHNA will ultimately lead to an improvement in the quality and utility of population health data, the ability to compare and contrast information and interventions across geographic boundaries, and the reduction of costs for everyone involved, while maintaining local control and decision-making with regard to the selection of health priorities and interventions chosen to address those priorities. Simultaneously, it will create opportunities for new and better ways to collaborate and partner with one another.

Upon receipt of generous funding support provided by The Duke Endowment, the Office of Health Access at ECU's Brody School of Medicine transferred administrative and operational responsibility for Health ENC to the Foundation for Health Leadership and Innovation in 2018. The project continues to be guided by a steering committee representing local health departments, hospitals and other stakeholders committed to improving the health of the people of eastern North Carolina.

## **Member Organizations**

Health ENC is comprised of more than 40 organizations. Twenty-two hospitals, twenty-one health departments and two health districts participated in the regional CHNA.

#### Partner Organizations

- Foundation for Health Leadership & Innovation
- ECU Brody School of Medicine
- The Duke Endowment

#### Hospitals and Health Systems

- Cape Fear Valley Health (Cape Fear Valley Medical Center, Hoke Hospital and Bladen County Hospital)
- Carteret Health Care
- Halifax Regional Medical Center
- Johnston Health
- UNC Lenoir Health Care
- Nash Health Care System
- Onslow Memorial Hospital
- The Outer Banks Hospital
- Pender Memorial Hospital
- Sampson Regional Medical Center
- Sentara Albemarle Medical Center
- Vidant Beaufort Hospital
- Vidant Bertie Hospital
- Vidant Chowan Hospital
- Vidant Duplin Hospital
- Vidant Edgecombe Hospital
- Vidant Medical Center
- Vidant Roanoke-Chowan Hospital
- Wayne UNC Health Care

#### Wilson Medical Center

#### Health Departments and Health Districts

- Albemarle Regional Health Services
- Beaufort County Health Department
- Bladen County Health Department
- Carteret County Health Department
- Cumberland County Health Department
- Dare County Department of Health and Human Services
- Duplin County Health Department
- Edgecombe County Health Department
- Franklin County Health Department
- Greene County Department of Public Health
- Halifax County Public Health System
- Hoke County Health Department
- Hyde County Health Department
- Johnston County Public Health Department
- Lenoir County Health Department
- Martin-Tyrrell-Washington District Health Department
- Nash County Health Department
- Onslow County Health Department
- Pamlico County Health Department
- Pitt County Health Department
- Sampson County Health Department
- Wayne County Health Department
- Wilson County Health Department

#### **Steering Committee**

Health ENC is advised by a Steering Committee whose membership is comprised of health department and hospital representatives participating in the regional CHNA, as well as other health care stakeholders from eastern North Carolina. The program manager oversees daily operations of the regional community health needs assessment and Health ENC.

#### Health ENC Program Manager

• Will Broughton, MA, MPH, CPH - Foundation for Health Leadership & Innovation

#### Health ENC Steering Committee Members

- Constance Hengel, RN, BSN, HNB-BC Director, Community Programs and Development, UNC Lenoir Health Care
- James Madson, RN, MPH Steering Committee Chair, Health Director, Beaufort County Health Department
- Battle Betts Director, Albemarle Regional Health Services
- Caroline Doherty Chief Development and Programs Officer, Roanoke Chowan Community Health Center

- Melissa Roupe, RN, MSN Sr Administrator, Community Health Improvement, Vidant Health
- Davin Madden Heath Director, Wayne County Health Department
- Angela Livingood Pharmacy Manager, Pender Memorial Hospital
- Lorrie Basnight, MD, FAAP Executive Director, Eastern AHEC, Associate Dean of CME, Brody School of Medicine
- Anne Thomas- President/CEO, Foundation for Health Leadership & Innovation

## HealthENC.org

The <u>Health ENC</u> web platform, shown in Figure 1, is a resource for the community health needs assessment process in eastern North Carolina. The website serves as a "living" data platform, providing public access to indicator data that is continuously updated, easy to understand and includes comparisons for context. Much of the data used in this assessment is available on <u>HealthENC.org</u> and can be downloaded in multiple formats. Results of the 2018 Eastern North Carolina Community Health Survey can be downloaded by county or the entire Health ENC Region.

In addition to indicator data, the website serves as a repository for local county reports, funding opportunities, 2-1-1 resources and more. Health departments, hospital leaders and community health stakeholders in the 33-county region are invited to use the website as a tool for community assessment, strategic planning, identifying best practices for improvement, collaboration and advocacy.

Visit <u>HealthENC.org</u> to learn more.

Health ENC
Working Together for a Healthier Eastern North Carolina

EXPLORE DATA

SEE HOW WE COMPARE

TOOLS & RESOURCES

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Eastern NC Health Data

Eastern NC Demographics

Subscribe for Updates

The Health ENC web platform is a resource for the community health needs assessment (CHNA) process in eastern North Carolina and is a program of the Foundation for Health Leadership and Innovation (FHLI). Health departments and hospital leaders in the 33 county region are invited to use the site as a tool for community assessment, strategic planning, identifying best practices for improvement, collaboration and advocacy.

Figure 1. Health ENC Online Data Platform

#### **Consultants**

Health ENC commissioned Conduent Healthy Communities Institute (HCI) to assist with its Community Health Needs Assessment.

Conduent Healthy Communities Institute is a multi-disciplinary team of public health experts, including healthcare information technology veterans, academicians and former senior government officials, all committed to help health-influencing organizations be successful with their projects. Conduent HCI uses collaborative approaches to improve community health and provides web-based information systems to public health, hospital and community development sectors, to help them assess population health.

Conduent HCI works with clients across 38 states to drive improved community health outcomes by assessing needs, developing focused strategies, identifying appropriate intervention programs, establishing progress monitoring systems, and implementing performance evaluation processes. Working with diverse clients nationwide has contributed to Conduent HCI's national knowledge base of population health solutions. In addition, by engaging directly with clients and communities through the primary data collection process and final workshops, Conduent HCI works on behalf of our clients to build trust between and among organizations and their communities.

To learn more about Conduent HCI, please visit <a href="https://www.conduent.com/community-population-health/">https://www.conduent.com/community-population-health/</a>.

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## **Edgecombe County Collaborative**

Local public health agencies in North Carolina (NC) are required to conduct a Comprehensive Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) at least once every four years. The CHNA is required of public health departments in the consolidated agreement between the NC Division of Public Health NC DPH) and the local public health agency. Furthermore, a CHNA is required for local public health department accreditation through the NC Local Health Department Accreditation Board (G.S. §130A-34.1). As part of the US Affordable Care Act of 2011, non-profit hospitals are also now required to conduct a community health (needs) assessment at least every three years. Recognizing that duplicate assessment efforts are a poor use of community resources, LHDs and non-profit hospitals across the state are developing models for collaboratively conducting the community health assessment process. This document is the culmination of such a partnership between the Edgecombe County Health Department (ECHD), Edgecombe County Rural Health Network, Vidant Edgecombe Hospital (VEDG), Vidant Health system, Health ENC and Conduent HCI.

The Edgecombe County Rural Health Network is a collaborative network composed of representatives from multiple organizations within the county with a focus on access to care, education, and collaboration. This network's mission is to improve health and wellness outcomes for all Edgecombe County residents. The network's vision is an effective multi-agency network that is collaborating in the delivering care and reducing barriers based on exchanging and analyzing data, increasing efficiency, and sharing and generating resources. This community partnership has been instrumental in leading health improvement efforts in Edgecombe County.

The community health needs assessment, which is both a process and a document, investigates and describes the current health status of the community, changes since the last assessment, and identifies changes needed to improve the health of the community. The *process* involves the collection and analysis of a large range of data, including demographic, socioeconomic and health statistics, environmental data, and professional and public opinion. The *document* is a summary of all the available evidence and serves as a resource until the next assessment. The completed CHNA serves as the basis for prioritizing the community's health needs, and culminates in planning to meet those needs.

## **Community Health Team Structure**

The Vidant Health system contracted with Conduent Healthy Communities Institute (HCI) through the Health ENC multi-county CHNA regional collaboration to assist in conducting the 2019 Community Health Needs Assessments for Vidant Health's primary service counties, including Edgecombe County. The assessment process incorporated the guidance provided by Health ENC and Conduent Healthy Communities Institute (HCI). The assessment also adheres to the 2018 standards for community assessment stipulated by the NC Local Health Department Accreditation (NCLHDA) Program and The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) 2014 final ruling implementing requirements for tax-exempt hospitals under Section 501(r) of the Affordable Care Act (ACA).

The CHNA coordinators from the ECHD, VEDG and Vidant Health worked with the consultant (Conduent Healthy Communities Institute) to develop the assessment. The phases included: (1) a research phase to identify, collect and review demographic, socioeconomic, health and environmental data; (2) a community input phase to receive input from community members utilizing a survey and small group discussions; (3) data synthesis and analysis phase; (4) a period of data reporting and discussion among community partners; and (5) a prioritization and decision-making phase. Upon completion of this work the CHNA partners and the community will have the tools they need to develop plans and activities that will improve the health and well-being of the people living in Edgecombe County.

#### **Distribution**

An electronic copy of this report is available on: <u>HealthENC.org</u>
<u>www.edgecombecountync.gov</u>
<u>www.vidanthealth.com</u>

A hard copy will be available for review at Vidant Edgecombe Hospital upon request. All Edgecombe County Rural Health Network partners will also receive a hard copy. In addition, the CHNA will also be distributed to the Edgecombe County Human Services Board, available as a hard copy in both Health Department locations in Tarboro and Rocky Mount and available at the local public library.

## **Evaluation of Progress Since Prior CHNA**

The community health improvement process should be viewed as an iterative cycle. An important piece of that cycle is revisiting the progress made on priority health topics set forth in the preceding community health needs assessment. By reviewing the actions taken to address priority health issues and evaluating the impact those actions have made in the community, it is possible to better target resources and efforts during the next round of the CHNA cycle.

As part of the 2016 Community Health Needs Assessment, the following health categories were selected as prioritized health needs:

- Chronic Disease Prevention and Management
- STDs/HIV
- Mental Health and Substance Abuse
- Access to Care

A detailed table describing the strategies/action steps and indicators of improvement for each priority area can be found in Appendix A.

## **Community Feedback on Prior CHNA**

The 2016 Edgecombe County Community Health Needs Assessment was made available to the public via the Edgecombe County Health Department and Vidant Edgecombe Hospital websites. Community members were invited to submit feedback and questions to either organization. No comments had been received on the preceding CHNA at the time this report was written.

## Methodology

#### **Overview**

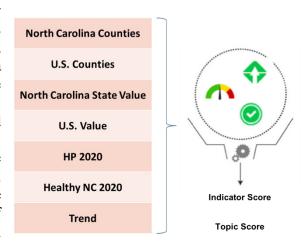
Two types of data are analyzed for this Community Health Needs Assessment: secondary data and primary data. Secondary data is data that has been collected from other sources while primary data has been collected directly as a part of this report. Each type of data is analyzed using a unique methodology, and findings are organized by health topic areas. These findings are then synthesized for a comprehensive overview of the health needs in Edgecombe County.

## **Secondary Data Sources & Analysis**

The main source of the secondary data used for this assessment is <a href="HealthENC.org">HealthENC.org</a>¹, a web-based community health platform developed by Conduent Healthy Communities Institute. The HealthENC dashboard brings non-biased data, local resources, and a wealth of information in one accessible, user-friendly location. The secondary data analysis was conducted using Conduent HCI's data scoring tool, and the results are based on the 150 health and quality of life indicators that were queried on the HealthENC dashboard on July 18, 2018. The data are primarily derived from state and national public data sources. For each indicator on the platform, there exist several comparisons to assess Edgecombe County's status, including how Edgecombe County compares to other communities, whether health targets have been met, and the trend of the indicator value over time.

Figure 2. Secondary Data Scoring

Conduent HCI's data scoring tool systematically summarizes multiple comparisons to rank indicators based on highest need (Figure 2). For each indicator, the Edgecombe County value is compared to a distribution of North Carolina and U.S. counties, state and national values, Healthy People 2020 targets, Healthy North Carolina 2020 targets, and the trend over the four most recent time periods of measure. Each indicator is then given a score based on the available comparisons. The scores range from 0 to 3, where 0 indicates the best outcome and 3 indicates the worst outcome. Availability of each type of comparison varies by indicator and is dependent upon



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Health ENC is an online platform that provides access to health, economic and quality of life data, evidence-based programs, funding opportunities and other resources aimed at improving community health. The platform is publicly available and can be accessed at <a href="http://www.healthenc.org/">http://www.healthenc.org/</a>.

the data source, comparability with data collected from other communities, and changes in methodology over time. The indicators are grouped into topic areas for a higher-level ranking of community health needs.

Please see Appendix B for further details on the secondary data scoring methodology.

## **Health and Quality of Life Topic Areas**

Table 2 shows the health and quality of life topic areas into which indicators are categorized. These topic areas are broadly based on the Healthy People 2020 framework, with each topic area containing multiple indicators. The five topic areas exhibiting the most significant need as evidenced by the secondary data analysis are included for in-depth exploration in the data findings. Four topic areas specific to population subgroups, including Children's Health, Men's Health, Women's Health, and Older Adults & Aging, include indicators spanning a variety of topics. If a subgroup receives a high topic score, it is not highlighted independently as one of the top 5 findings but is discussed within the narrative as it relates to highly impacted populations. Three additional categories (County Health Rankings, Mortality Data, and Wellness & Lifestyle) are not considered for in-depth exploration, since all three are general categories that include indicators spanning a wide variety of topics. Topic areas with fewer than three indicators are considered to have data gaps and do not receive topic scores. These topics are indicated by an asterisk in Table 2.

Table 2. Health and Quality of Life Topic Areas

Access to Health Services	Family Planning*	Prevention & Safety
Cancer	Food Safety*	Public Safety
Children's Health*	Heart Disease & Stroke	Respiratory Diseases
County Health Rankings	Immunizations & Infectious Diseases	Social Environment
Diabetes	Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health	Substance Abuse
Disabilities*	Men's Health	Teen & Adolescent Health*
Economy	Mental Health & Mental Disorders	Transportation
Education	Mortality Data	Vision*
Environment	Older Adults & Aging	Wellness & Lifestyle
Environmental & Occupational Health	Other Chronic Diseases	Women's Health
Exercise, Nutrition, & Weight	Oral Health*	

<sup>\*</sup>Topic area has fewer than 3 indicators and is considered a data gap. No topic score is provided.

## **Health ENC Region Comparison**

When available, county-level data are compared to the state of North Carolina, as well as Health ENC Counties. The Health ENC region consists of 33 counties in eastern North Carolina

participating in the regional CHNA: Beaufort, Bertie, Bladen, Camden, Carteret, Chowan, Cumberland, Currituck, Dare, Duplin, Edgecombe, Franklin, Gates, Greene, Halifax, Hertford, Hoke, Hyde, Johnston, Lenoir, Martin, Nash, Onslow, Pamlico, Pasquotank, Pender, Perquimans, Pitt, Sampson, Tyrrell, Washington, Wayne and Wilson. Values for the Health ENC region were calculated by aggregating data from these 33 counties.

## **Primary Data Collection & Analysis**

To expand upon the information gathered from the secondary data, Health ENC Counties collected community input. Primary data used in this assessment consists of focus groups and both an English-language and Spanish-language community survey. All community input tools are available in Appendix C.

## **Community Survey**

Community input was collected via a 57-question online and paper survey available in both English and Spanish. Survey Monkey was the tool used to distribute and collect responses for the community survey. Completed paper surveys were entered into the Survey Monkey tool.

The community survey was distributed across Health ENC's entire survey area from April 18, 2018 – June 30, 2018.

#### Survey Distribution

The Community Survey was distributed within the Edgecombe County Public School System, placed on the Edgecombe County website, shared on the Vidant Edgecombe Hospital and Edgecombe County Rural Health Network's Facebook pages, emailed out to all Edgecombe County Government and Vidant Edgecombe Hospital employees and distributed at health fairs. Edgecombe County Health Department staff conducted surveys on home visits and distributed to beneficiaries in the Community Alternatives Program. The surveys were also placed in the lobbies of OIC Family Medical Centers, two health department locations and in the Edgecombe County Health Department clinic waiting rooms.

Table 3 summarizes the number of survey respondents. A total of 18,917 responses were collected across all 33 counties, with a survey completion rate of 86.5%, resulting in 16,358 complete responses across the entire survey area. A total of 474 responses were collected from Edgecombe County residents, with a survey completion rate of 89.9%%, resulting in 426 complete responses from Edgecombe County. The survey analysis included in this CHNA report is based on complete responses.

**Table 3. Survey Respondents** 

	Number of Respondents*			
Service Area	English Survey	Spanish Survey	Total	
All Health ENC Counties	15,917	441	16,358	
Edgecombe County	389	37	426	

<sup>\*</sup>Based on complete responses

Survey participants were asked a range of questions related - but not limited - to: what populations are most negatively affected by poor health outcomes in Edgecombe County, what their personal health challenges are, and what the most critical health needs are for Edgecombe County. The survey instrument is available in <u>Appendix C</u>.

#### Demographics of Survey Respondents

The following charts and graphs illustrate Edgecombe County demographics of the community survey respondents. English survey results and Spanish survey results are presented separately for comparison.

Among Edgecombe County survey participants, 60.5% of English survey respondents were under the age of 50, with the highest concentration of respondents (15.1%) grouped into the 15-19 age group. While, 91.9% of Spanish survey respondents were under the age of 50, with the highest concentration of respondents (16.2%) grouped into the 25-29 age group

The majority of respondents were female (71.2 % English, 80.6% Spanish). 49.2% of English survey respondents were white and 48.2% were African American/Black. Almost half of Spanish respondents were white and the other half selected 'other race'. 91.2% of Spanish survey respondents identified as Mexican or Mexican American and 93.9% spoke English at home.

English survey respondents had varying degrees of education, with the highest share of respondents (18.3 %) having a bachelor's degree followed by high school graduates (17%) and associate's degree or vocational training (Figure 3). 35.1% of Spanish survey respondents were high school graduates followed by those who had less than a 9<sup>th</sup> grade education (32.4%) (Figure. 4). Of notee, based on the age range of the Spanish respondents' participants may currently be in high school which would explain the educational attainment differences.

Figure 3. Education of Community Survey Respondents-English

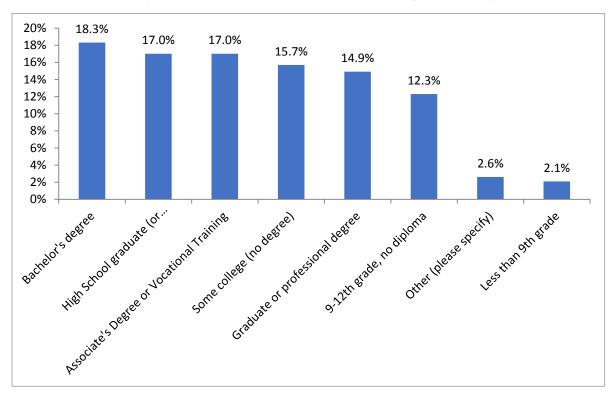
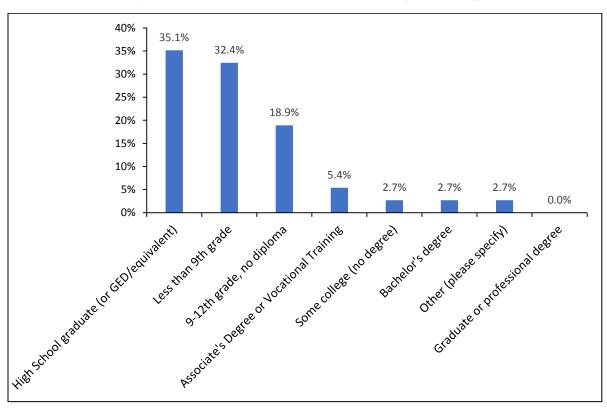


Figure 4. Education of Community Survey Respondents- Spanish



As shown in Figure 5, over half of English survey respondents were employed full-time (60.4%). The highest share of respondents (22.6 %) had household annual incomes between \$50,000 and \$74,999 before taxes. Figure 6 shows that just under half of Spanish survey respondents are employed full time and half are homemakers. The highest share of Spanish survey respondents (35.3%) reported household incomes between \$15,000 an \$24,999 before taxes.

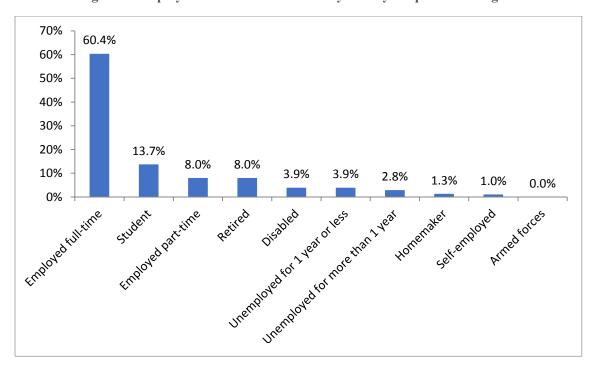


Figure 5. Employment Status of Community Survey Respondents-English

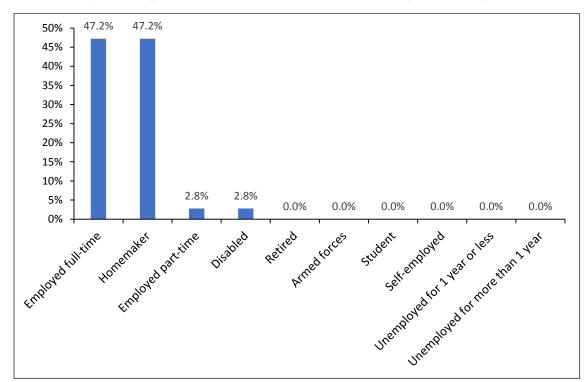


Figure 6. Employment Status of Community Survey Respondents - Spanish

Figure 7 and 8 shows the health insurance coverage of community survey respondents. More than half of English survey respondents have health insurance provided by their employer (57.9%) and 77.1% of Spanish survey respondents have no health insurance of any kind.

Figure 7. Health Care Coverage of Community Survey Respondents - English

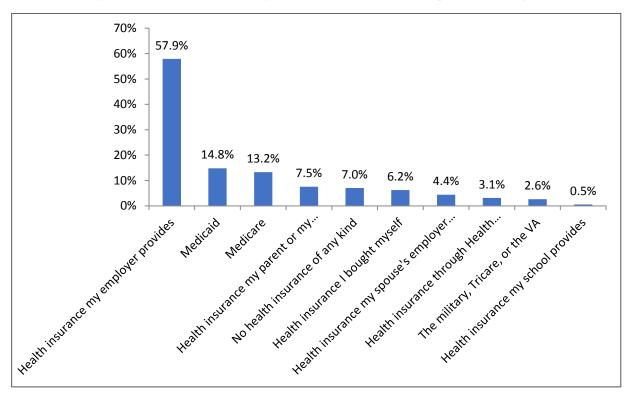
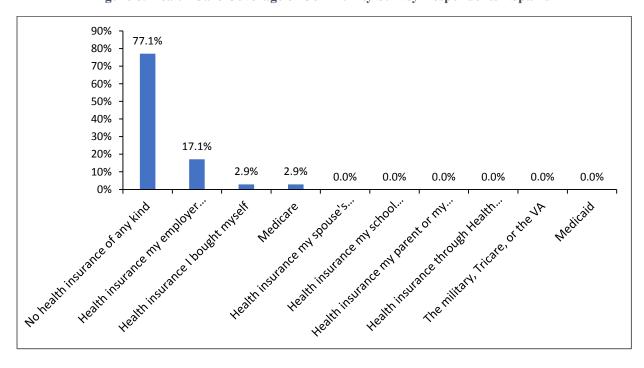


Figure 8. Health Care Coverage of Community Survey Respondents - Spanish



Overall, the community survey participant population was diverse varying in age, race, and education. However, the survey was a convenience sample survey, and thus the results may not representative of the community population as a whole.

Key findings from select questions on the community survey are integrated into this report by theme or topic area, with an emphasis on the most significant needs as evidenced by both primary and secondary data. This approach is intended to offer a meaningful understanding of health needs. A summary of full survey results (all 57 questions) is available on <a href="HealthENC.org">HealthENC.org</a>. Full results can be downloaded by county or for the entire Health ENC Region.

## **Focus Group Discussions**

Another form of community input was collected through focus groups. Focus groups are carefully constructed dialogues that invite diverse groups of people to discuss important and pressing issues. Focus groups provide community members an opportunity to engage in productive learning and sharing sessions. Focus group discussions focused on community strengths, opportunities for improvement, existing resources, health needs, and possible solutions for improving the health of Edgecombe County. A list of questions asked at the focus groups is available in Appendix C.

The purpose of the focus groups for Health ENC's 2019 CHNA/CHA was to engage with a broad cross-section of individuals from each county, such as migrant worker groups, healthcare workers, or county employees, to name a few.

Conduent HCI consultants developed a Focus Group Guide and led training webinars for Health ENC members. Topics included facilitation techniques, moderator and note taker roles, as well as tips and expectations for documenting focus group discussions. The list of focus group questions was reviewed, and a transcript was provided for documentation purposes.

Three focus group discussions were completed within Edgecombe County between June 25, 2018 – July 17, 2018 with a total of 34 individuals. Participants included African American and Hispanic/Latino community members. Table 4 shows the date, location, population type, and number of participants for each focus group.

**Table 4. List of Focus Group Discussions** 

Date Conducted	Focus Group Location	Population Type	Number of Participants
6/25/2018	Ribeyes Steakhouse Tarboro NC	African American/ Black Males	4
6/26/2018	Edgecombe County Human Services Building	Men	7
7/12/2018	Migrant Camp Rocky Mount	Hispanic male migrant farm workers	16
7/17/2018	Vidant Edgecombe Hospital (Tarboro, NC)	African American/Black Females	7

Focus group transcripts were coded and analyzed by common theme. The frequency with which a topic area was discussed in the context of needs and concerns or barriers and challenges to achieving health was used to assess the relative importance of the need in the community. Key themes that emerged from the focus group discussions are integrated into this report by topic area, with an emphasis on the most significant needs as evidenced by both primary and secondary data. A deeper analysis of focus group findings is available on HealthENC.org.

The results of the focus group dialogues further support the results from other forms of primary data collected (the community survey) and reinforces the findings from the secondary data scoring. By synthesizing the discussions that took place at the focus groups alongside the responses from the community survey, the primary data collection process for Edgecombe County is rich with involvement by a representative cross section of the community.

#### **Data Considerations**

Several limitations of the data should be considered when reviewing the findings presented in this report. Although the topics by which data are organized cover a wide range of health and health-related areas, within each topic there is a varying scope and depth of data availability. In some topics there is a robust set of secondary data indicators, but in others there may be a limited number of indicators for which data is collected, or limited subpopulations covered by the indicators.

Data scores represent the relative community health need according to the secondary data that is available for each topic and should not be considered to be a comprehensive result on their own. In addition, these scores reflect what was found in the secondary data for the population as a whole, and do not factor in the health or socioeconomic need that is much greater for some subpopulations. In addition, many of the secondary data indicators included in the findings are collected by survey, and though methods are used to best represent the population at large, these measures are subject to instability—especially among smaller populations. The infant mortality rate indicator was corrected after the development of the content for this report. The values have been updated here and the impact was determined to be minimal to the analysis overall.

The disparities analysis, used to analyze the secondary data, is also limited by data availability. In some instances, data sources do not provide subpopulation data for some indicators, and for other indicators, values are only available for a select number of race/ethnic groups. Due to these limitations, it is not possible to draw conclusions about subpopulation disparities for all indicators.

The breadth of primary data findings is dependent on several factors. Focus group discussion findings were limited by which community members were invited to and able to attend focus group discussions, as well as language barriers during discussion for individuals whose native language is not English. Because the survey was a convenience sample survey, results are vulnerable to selection bias, making findings less generalizable for the population as whole.

#### **Prioritization**

Key stakeholders from Edgecombe County were convened on January 29, 2019 to review secondary and primary data from the CHNA data collection process. Following the data review and additional discussion, participants were guided through a nominal group technique where decision-making could be finalized. The nominal group technique was utilized to assure everyone's feedback and opinions were considered (as opposed to traditional voting, where the majority rules). During this process, some priorities were combined as appropriate to finalize the top health priorities for Edgecombe County. As a result of this process, Edgecombe County will work to develop action plans addressing these identified health priorities:

- Chronic Disease Prevention and Management
- Health Equity
- Mental Health

## **Overview of Edgecombe County**

## **About Edgecombe County**

Edgecombe County is located in northeastern North Carolina. Edgecombe County is located one hour east of Raleigh and a two-hour inland drive from the North Carolina beaches. The county maintains a firm agricultural base while supporting advanced manufacturing. Edgecombe County includes the towns of Tarboro, Conetoe, Leggett, Macclesfield, Pinetops, Princeville, Sharpsburg, Speed, Whitakers, and parts of Rocky Mount.

## **Demographic Profile**

The demographics of a community significantly impact its health profile. Population growth has an influence on the county's current and future needs. Specific population subgroups, including veterans and different age, gender, race and ethnic groups, may have unique needs and require varied approaches to health improvement efforts. The following section explores the demographic profile of Edgecombe County, North Carolina.

### **Population**

According to the U.S. Census Bureau's 2016 population estimates, Edgecombe County has a population of 53,318 (Figure 9). The population of Edgecombe County has decreased from 2013 to 2016.

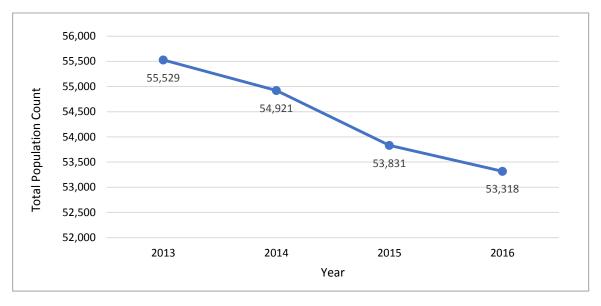


Figure 9. Total Population (U.S. Census Bureau)

Figure 10 shows the population density of Edgecombe County compared to other counties in the Health ENC region. Edgecombe County has a population density of 111.9 persons per square mile.

**Edgecombe County 111.9** Norfolk persons per square mile Virginia Beach n-Salem Greensboro Durham Moun Raleigh Greenville NORTH CAROLINA Fay etteville Jackson ville Wilmington 9.5 - 41.5 41.5 - 89.9 148.5 - 179.2 179.2 - 489.7 89.9 - 148.5 N/A persons per square mile

Figure 10. Population Density of Health ENC Counties (U.S. Census Bureau, 2010)

### **Age and Gender**

Overall, Edgecombe County residents are slightly older than residents of North Carolina and the Health ENC region. Figure 11 shows the Edgecombe County population by age group. The 45-54 age group contains the highest percent of the population at 12.7%, while the 25-34 age group contains the next highest percent of the population at 11.7%.

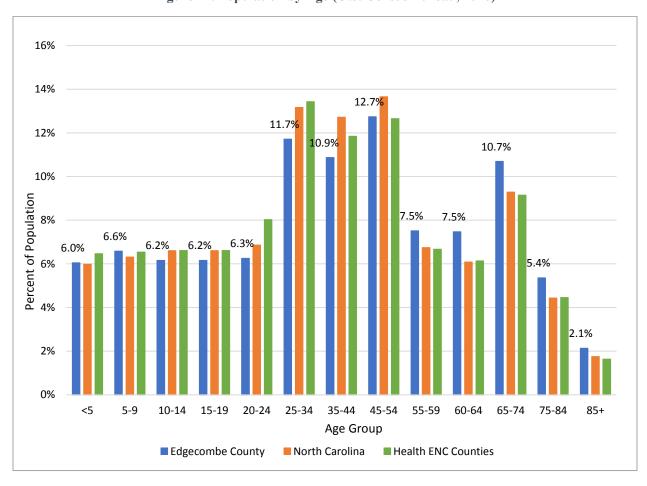


Figure 11. Population by Age (U.S. Census Bureau, 2016)

People 65 years and older comprise 18.2% of the Edgecombe County population, compared to 15.5% in North Carolina and 15.2% in the Health ENC counties (Figure 12).

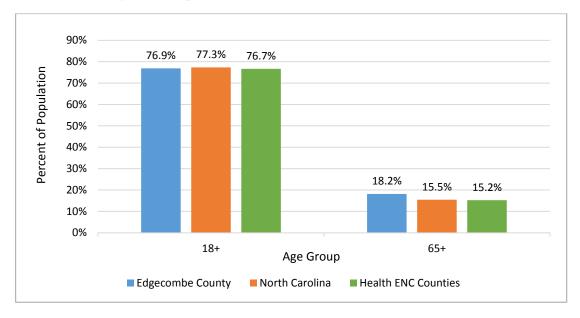


Figure 12. Population 18+ and 65+ (U.S. Census Bureau, 2016)

Males comprise 46.3% of the population, whereas females comprise 53.7% of the population (Table 5). The median age for males is 38.9 years, whereas the median age for females is 43.0 years. Both are slightly higher than the North Carolina median age (37.2 years for males and 40.1 years for females).

Table 5. Population by Gender and Age (U.S. Census Bureau, 2016)

	Percent of Total Population		Percent of Male Population		Percent of Female Population		Median Age (Years)	
	Male	Female	18+	65+	18+	65+	Male	Female
<b>Edgecombe County</b>	46.3%	53.7%	74.9%	16.2%	78.6%	19.9%	38.9	43.0
North Carolina	48.6%	51.4%	76.3%	13.9%	78.4%	17.0%	37.2	40.1
Health ENC Counties	49.2%	50.8%	75.8%	13.5%	77.5%	16.9%	N/A	N/A

#### **Birth Rate**

Birth rates are important measures of population health. The birth rate is usually the dominant factor in determining the rate of population growth; however, population growth is also driven by the age structure of the population (e.g., deaths), immigration and emigration. Figure 13 illustrates that the birth rate in Edgecombe County (10.5 live births per 1,000 population in 2016) is lower than the birth rate in North Carolina (12.0) and Health ENC counties (13.1). Further, birth rates have decreased slightly over the past three measurement periods in all three jurisdictions, with the exception of a slight increase in Edgecombe County's rate in 2015.

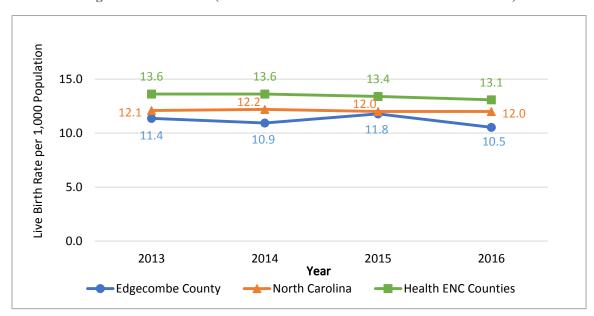


Figure 13. Birth Rate (North Carolina State Center for Health Statistics)

#### Race/Ethnicity

The race and ethnicity composition of a population is important in planning for future community needs, particularly for schools, businesses, community centers, health care and child care. Race and ethnicity data are also useful for identifying and understanding disparities in housing, employment, income and poverty.

Figure 14 shows the racial and ethnic distribution of Edgecombe County compared to North Carolina and Health ENC counties. The first six categories (White, Black or African American, American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian & Other Pacific Islander and Multiracial) are racial groups and may include persons that identify as Hispanic or Latino. The seventh category (Hispanic or Latino) is an ethnic group and may include individuals that identify as any race.

The White population accounts for 39.5% of the total population in Edgecombe County, with the Black or African American population accounting for 58.1% of the total population. Edgecombe County has a larger share of residents that identify as Black or African American (58.1%) when compared to North Carolina (22.2%) and Health ENC counties (30.7%). The proportion of residents that identify as White is smaller in Edgecombe County (39.5%) as compared to North

Carolina (71.0%) and Health ENC counties (63.8%). The Hispanic or Latino population comprises 4.3% of Edgecombe County.

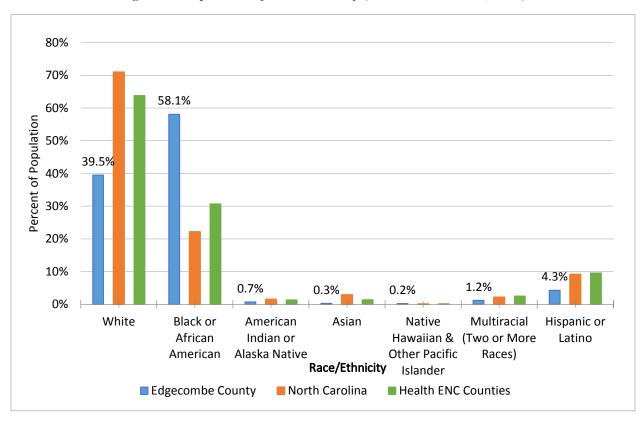


Figure 14. Population by Race/Ethnicity (U.S. Census Bureau, 2016)

## **Tribal Distribution of Population**

The U.S. Census Bureau collects population estimates for various American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) tribes. While population estimates of tribal data are not available at the county level, Table 6 shows the population estimates of eight tribal areas throughout the state of North Carolina.

Table 6. Named Tribes in North Carolina (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

State Designated Tribal Statistical Area (SDTSA)	Total Population
Coharie SDTSA	62,160
Eastern Cherokee Reservation	9,613
Haliwa-Saponi SDTSA	8,700
Lumbee SDTSA	502,113
Meherrin SDTSA	7,782
Occaneechi-Saponi SDTSA	8,938
Sappony SDTSA	2,614
Waccamaw Siouan SDTSA	2,283

### **Military Population**

Figure 15 shows the percent of the population 16 years of age and older in the military (armed forces). In 2012-2016, Edgecombe County has no residents in the military (0.0%) compared to North Carolina (1.0%) and counties in the Health ENC region (4.0%). Figure 15 also shows the trend analysis of the military population over the 4 most recent measurement periods. Across four time periods, zero percent of the population in Edgecombe County is in the military.

5.0% 4.4% 4.5% 4.0% 4.0% 4.0% Percent of Population 16+ 3.5% 3.0% 2.5% 2.0% 1.2% 1.5% 1.1% 1.1% 1.0% 1.0% 0.5% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 2009-2013 2010-2014 2011-2015 2012-2016 Years Health ENC Counties North Carolina Edgecombe County

Figure 15. Population in Military / Armed Forces (American Community Survey)

### **Veteran Population**

The veteran population is given as a percent of the civilian population aged 18 years and older and this data is used for policy analyses, to develop programs, and to create budgets for veteran programs and facilities. Edgecombe County has a veteran population of 8.1% in 2012-2016, compared to 9.0% for North Carolina and 12.4% for Health ENC counties (Figure 16).

Figure 16 also shows that the veteran population of Edgecombe County, North Carolina, and the Health ENC region is decreasing slightly across four time periods from 2009-2013 to 2012-2016.

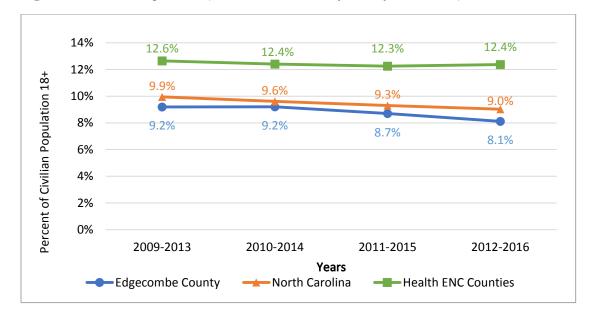


Figure 16. Veteran Population (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

# **Socioeconomic Profile**

Social and economic factors are well known to be strong determinants of health outcomes – those with a low socioeconomic status are more likely to suffer from chronic conditions such as diabetes, obesity and cancer. Community health improvement efforts must determine which subpopulations are most in need in order to effectively focus services and interventions.

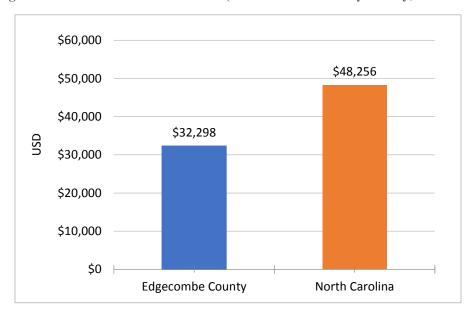
# **NC Department of Commerce Tier Designation**

The North Carolina Department of Commerce annually ranks the state's 100 counties based on economic well-being and assigns each a Tier designation. The 40 most distressed counties are designated as Tier 1, the next 40 as Tier 2 and the 20 least distressed as Tier 3. Edgecombe County has been assigned a Tier 1 designation for 2018.

#### Income

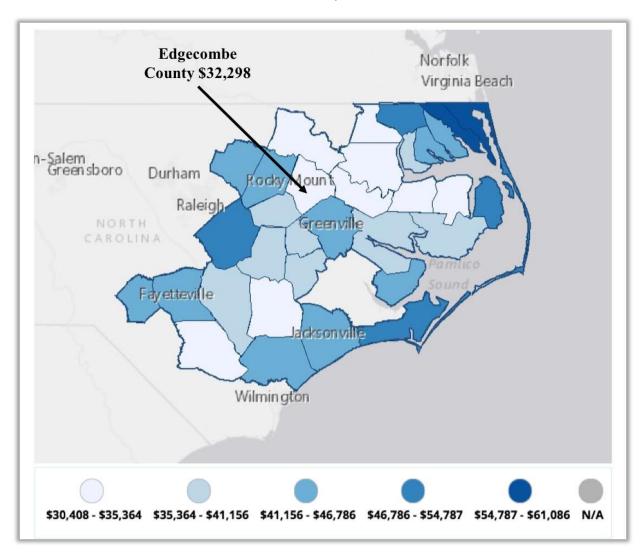
Median household income reflects the relative affluence and prosperity of an area. Areas with higher median household incomes are likely to have a greater share of educated residents and lower unemployment rates. Figure 17 shows the median household income in Edgecombe County (\$32,298), which is lower than the median household income in North Carolina (\$48,256).





Compared to counties in the Health ENC region, Edgecombe County has a relatively low median household income. Bladen, Bertie, and Tyrrell are three counties with a lower median household income than Edgecombe County; the remaining 29 counties in the Health ENC region have a higher median household income (Figure 18).

Figure 18. Median Household Income of Health ENC Counties (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)



Within Edgecombe County, zip code 27189 has the lowest median household income (\$25,500) while zip code 27881 has the highest median household income (\$46,250) (Figure 19).

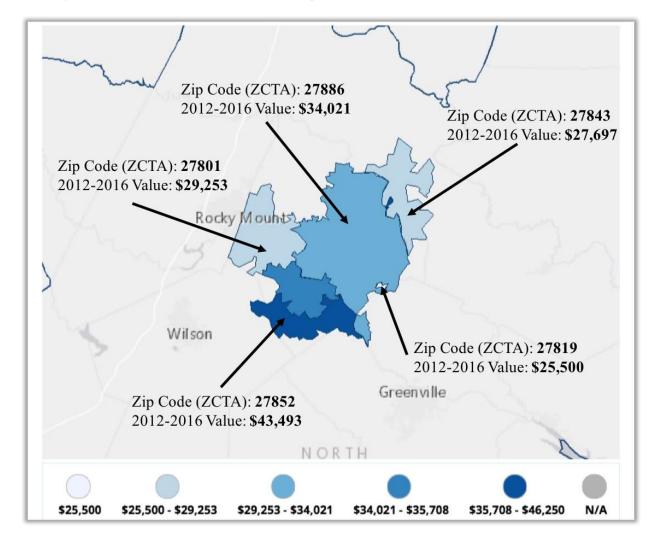


Figure 19. Median Household Income by Zip Code (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

### **Poverty**

Federal poverty thresholds are set every year by the Census Bureau and vary by size of family and ages of family members. A high poverty rate is both a cause and a consequence of poor economic conditions. Children in poverty are more likely to have physical health problems, behavioral problems and emotional problems. Seniors who live in poverty are an especially vulnerable group due to increased physical limitations, medical needs, and social isolation. Persons with a disability are more likely to live in poverty compared to the rest of the population. Without adequate income, individuals with disabilities may not be able to afford necessary expenses, such as rent or mortgage, utility bills, medical and dental care, and food.

As seen in Figure 20, 25.7% percent of the population in Edgecombe County lives below the poverty level, which is higher than the rate for North Carolina (16.8% of the population) and the Health ENC region (19.2%).

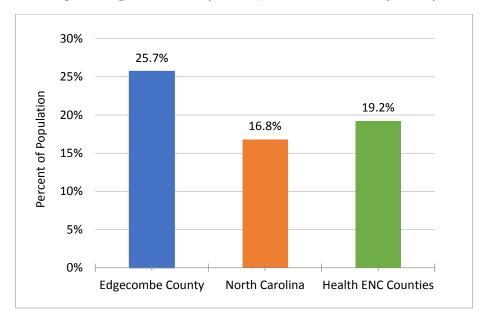


Figure 20. People Living Below Poverty Level (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

The rate of both children and older adults living below the poverty level is also higher for Edgecombe County when compared to North Carolina and Health ENC counties (Figure 21 and Figure 22).

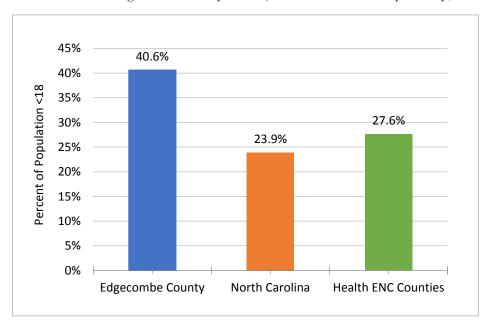


Figure 21. Children Living Below Poverty Level (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

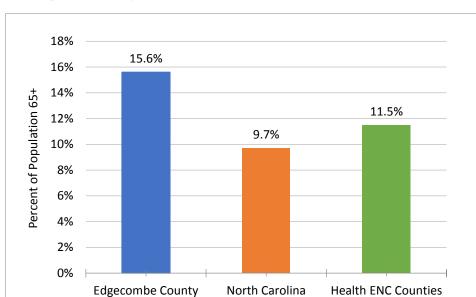


Figure 22. People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

As shown in Figure 23, the percent of disabled people living in poverty in Edgecombe County (33.7%) is higher than the rate for North Carolina (29.0%) and Health ENC counties (28.1%).

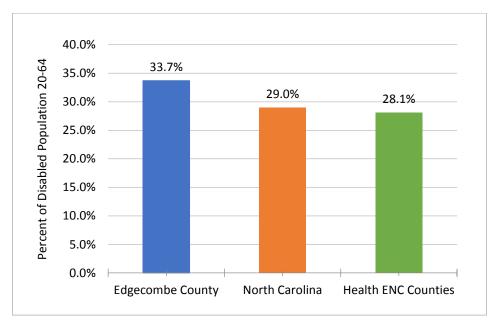


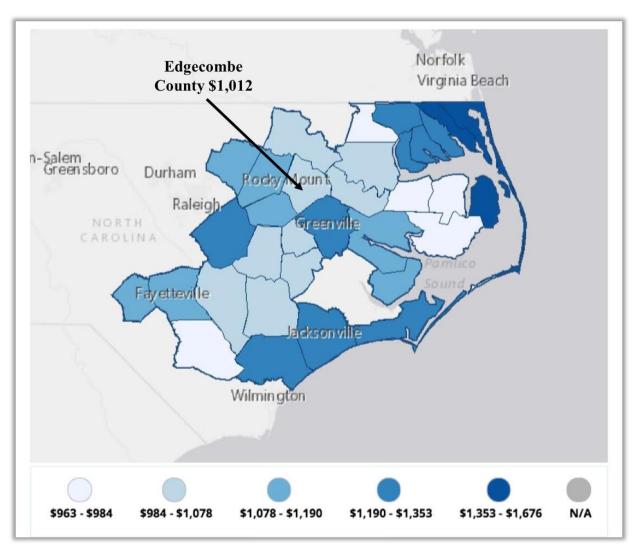
Figure 23. Persons with Disability Living in Poverty (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

## **Housing**

The average household size in Edgecombe County is 2.5 people per household, which is equal to the North Carolina value.

High costs of homeownership with a mortgage can strain both homeowners and the local housing market. Figure 24 shows mortgaged owners median monthly household costs in the Health ENC region. In Edgecombe County, the median housing costs for homeowners with a mortgage is \$1,012. This is lower than the North Carolina value of \$1,243, and lower than 27 counties in the Health ENC region.

Figure 24. Mortgaged Owners Median Monthly Household Costs, Health ENC Counties (American Community Survey 2012-2016)



Safe and affordable housing is an essential component of healthy communities, and the effects of housing problems are widespread. Figure 25 shows the percent of households with at least one of the following problems: overcrowding, high housing costs, lack of kitchen, or lack of plumbing facilities. In Edgecombe County, 19% of households have severe housing problems, compared to 16.6% in North Carolina and 17.7% in Health ENC counties.

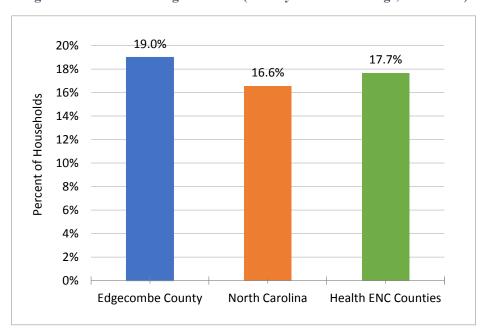


Figure 25. Severe Housing Problems (County Health Rankings, 2010-2014)

## **Food Insecurity**

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is a federal assistance program that provides low-income families with electronic benefit transfers (EBTs) that can be used to purchase food. The goal of the program is to increase food security and reduce hunger by increasing access to nutritious food.

Figure 26 shows the percent of households with children that participate in SNAP. The rate for Edgecombe County, 50.3%, is slightly lower than the state value of 52.6% and the Health ENC region value of 51.5%.

60%
50.3%
50.3%
51.5%
50%
40%
30%
10%
Edgecombe County North Carolina Health ENC Counties

Figure 26. Households with Children Receiving SNAP (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

### **Employment**

According to North Carolina Commerce data from 2017, the top five largest employers in Edgecombe County are:

QVC Rocky Mount Inc.: 1000+ employeesCity of Rocky Mount: 1000+ employees

• Edgecombe Tarboro Board of Education: 500-999 employees

• The Hillshire Brands Company: 500-999 employees

• Edgecombe County: 500-999 employees

#### SocioNeeds Index

Conduent Healthy Communities Institute developed the SocioNeeds Index® to easily compare multiple socioeconomic factors across geographies. This index incorporates estimates for six different social and economic determinants of health – income, poverty, unemployment, occupation, educational attainment, and linguistic barriers – that are associated with poor health outcomes including preventable hospitalizations and premature death.

Zip codes within Edgecombe County are assigned an index value from 0 (low need) to 100 (high need), based on how those zip codes compare to others in the U.S. Within Edgecombe County, the zip codes are then ranked from 1 (low need) to 5 (high need) to identify the relative level of need. Zip codes with populations under 300 persons are excluded. Zip code 27801, with an index value of 97.0, has the highest level of socioeconomic need within Edgecombe County. This is illustrated in Figure 27. Index values and the relative ranking of each zip code within Edgecombe County are provided in Table 7.

Zip Code: 27886
Index Value: 90.3
Relative Rank: 3

Zip Code: 27852
Index Value: 79.4
Relative Rank: 1

Zip Code: 27801
Index Value: 97.0
Relative Rank: 5

NORIH

MAP LEGEND
greater need →

Figure 27. SocioNeeds Index® (Conduent Healthy Communities Institute, 2018)

Table 7. SocioNeeds Index® (Conduent Healthy Communities Institute, 2018)

Zip Code	Index Value	Relative Rank
27801	97.0	5
27843	94.6	4
27886	90.3	3
27864	88.9	2
27852	79.4	1

Source: http://www.healthenc.org/socioneeds

Understanding where there are communities with high socioeconomic need is critical to forming prevention and outreach activities.

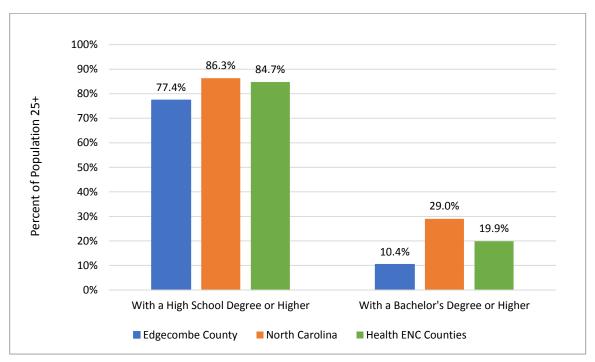
# **Educational Profile**

### **Educational Attainment**

Graduating from high school is an important personal achievement and is essential for an individual's social and economic advancement. Graduation rates can also be an important indicator of the performance of an educational system. Having a bachelor's degree opens up career opportunities in a variety of fields and is often a prerequisite for higher-paying jobs.

Countywide, the percent of residents 25 or older with a high school degree or higher (77.4%) is lower than the state value (86.3%) and the Health ENC region (84.7%) (Figure 28). Higher educational attainment in Edgecombe County is lower than the state value and the Health ENC region. In Edgecombe County, 10.4% of residents 25 and older have a bachelor's degree or higher, in comparison to 19.9% in the Health ENC counties and 29.0% in North Carolina (Figure 28).

Figure 28. People 25+ with a High School Degree or Higher and Bachelor's Degree or Higher (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)



In some areas of the county, including zip codes 27881 and 27843, the high school degree attainment rate is below 56% (Figure 29).

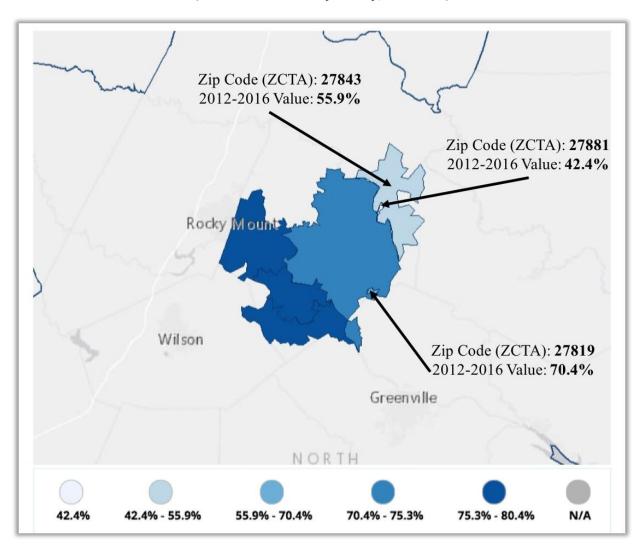


Figure 29. People 25+ with a High School Degree or Higher by Zip Code (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

## **High School Dropouts**

High school dropouts earn less income than high school and college graduates, and are more likely to be unemployed. High school dropouts are generally less healthy and require more medical care. Further, high school dropout rates are linked with heightened criminal activity and incarceration rates, influencing a community's economic, social, and civic health.

Edgecombe County's high school dropout rate, given as a percent of high school students in Figure 30, is 3.2% in 2016-2017, which is higher than the rate in North Carolina (2.3%) and the Health ENC region (2.4%). Although Edgecombe County's high school dropout rate is consistently higher than North Carolina's and the Health ENC region's rates, it has decreased over three time periods since 2014-2015.

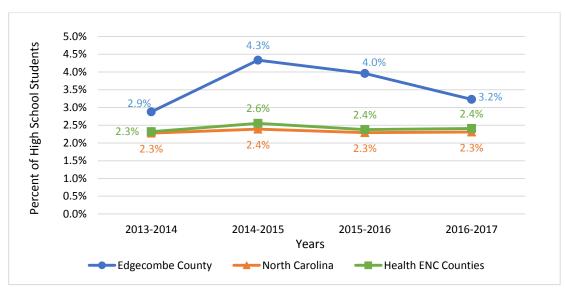


Figure 30. High School Dropout Rate (North Carolina Department of Public Instruction)

## **High School Suspension Rate**

High school suspension is a form of discipline in which a student is temporarily removed from a classroom and/or school due to a violation of school conduct or code. Higher rates of suspension can be related to high rates of antisocial or delinquent behaviors, which may further contribute to potential future involvement in the juvenile justice system. Additionally, schools with higher suspension rates have higher rates of law or board of education violations and generally spend more money per student.

Edgecombe County's rate of high school suspension (32.0 suspensions per 100 students) is higher than North Carolina's rate (18.2) and the rate of Health ENC counties (25.5) in 2016-2017. As shown in

Figure 31, while Edgecombe County's values over time are higher than those in North Carolina and the Health ENC region, the county's high school suspension rate is decreasing.

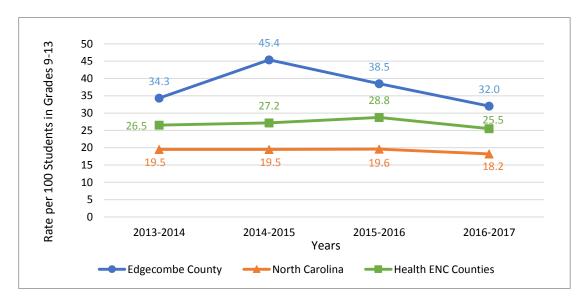


Figure 31. High School Suspension Rate (North Carolina Department of Public Instruction)

# **Transportation Profile**

Public transportation offers mobility, particularly to people without cars. Transit can help bridge the spatial divide between people and jobs, services, and training opportunities. Public transportation also reduces fuel consumption, minimizes air pollution, and relieves traffic congestion. Walking to work helps protect the environment, while also providing the benefit of daily exercise.

Countywide, 1.3% of residents walk to work, compared to the state value of 1.8%. Public transportation is rare in Edgecombe County, with an estimated 0.6% of residents commuting by public transportation, compared to the state value of 1.1% (Figure 32). In Edgecombe County, 83.1% of workers 16 and older drive alone to work, compared to 81.1% in North Carolina (Figure 33).

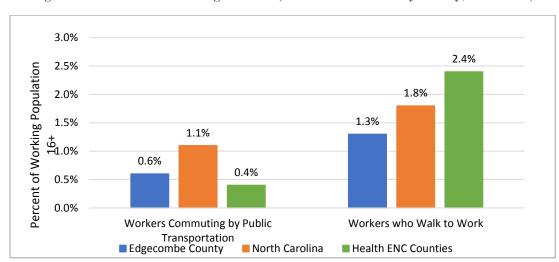
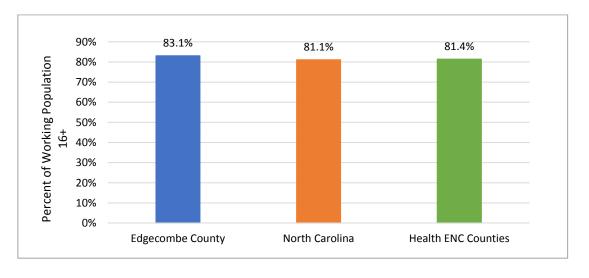


Figure 32. Mode of Commuting to Work (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

Figure 33. Workers who Drive Alone to Work (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)



# **Crime and Safety**

# **Violent Crime and Property Crime**

Both violent crime and property crime are used as indicators of a community's crime and safety. Violence negatively impacts communities by reducing productivity, decreasing property values and disrupting social services. Violent crime includes four offenses: murder and non-negligent manslaughter, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Property crime includes the offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

The violent crime rate in Edgecombe County is 565.2 per 100,000 population, compared to 374.9 per 100,000 people in North Carolina (Figure 34). The property crime rate in Edgecombe County (2,688.6 per 100,000 people) is lower than the state value (2,779.7 per 100,000 people) (Figure 35). As shown in Figure 34 and Figure 35, the violent crime rate in Edgecombe County has been relatively stable since 2014, whereas the property crime rate appears to be exhibiting a decrease.

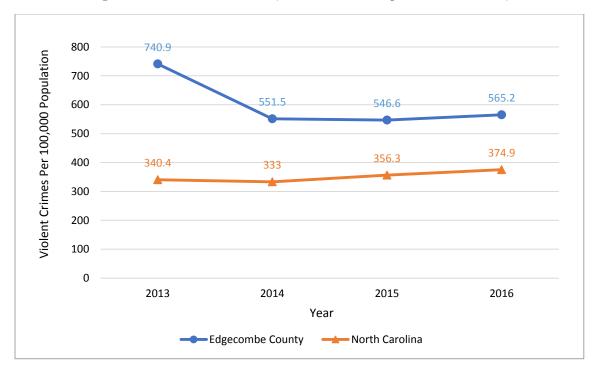
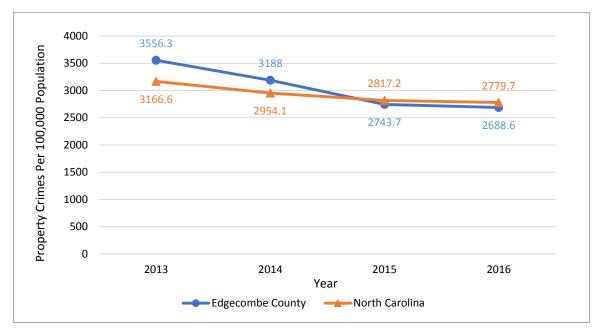


Figure 34. Violent Crime Rate (North Carolina Department of Justice)





## **Juvenile Crime**

Youth who commit a crime may not gain the educational credentials necessary to secure employment and succeed later in life. Negative peer influences, history of abuse/neglect, mental health issues, and significant family problems increase the risk of juvenile arrest. The juvenile justice system aims to reduce juvenile delinquency through prevention, intervention, and treatment services.

Figure 36 shows the juvenile undisciplined rate per 1,000 youth ages 6-17 years old. The undisciplined rate describes juveniles who are unlawfully absent from school, regularly disobedient and beyond disciplinary control of the parent/guardian, are regularly found where it is unlawful for juveniles to be or have run away from home for more than 24 hours. The 2017 juvenile undisciplined rate in Edgecombe County (0.8) is lower than the rate in North Carolina (1.5) and the Health ENC region (1.1).

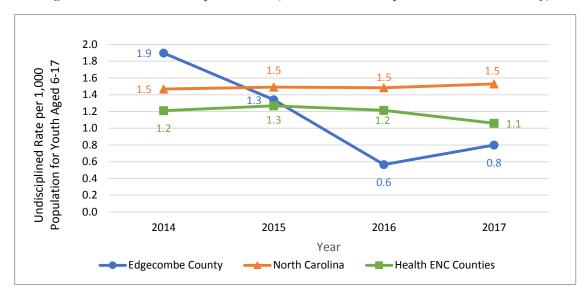


Figure 36. Juvenile Undisciplined Rate (North Carolina Department of Public Safety)

Figure 37 shows the juvenile delinquent rate, or juvenile crime rate, per 1,000 youth ages 6-15 years old. While the values in Edgecombe County are decreasing, the 2017 juvenile delinquent rate for Edgecombe County (28.6) is still higher than North Carolina (19.6) and the Health ENC region (22.8).

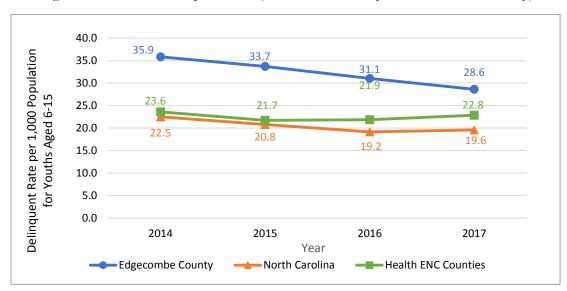
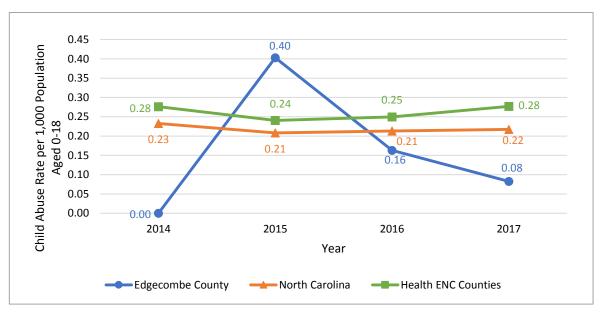


Figure 37. Juvenile Delinquent Rate (North Carolina Department of Public Safety)

### **Child Abuse**

Child abuse includes physical, sexual and emotional abuse. All types of child abuse and neglect can have long lasting effects throughout life, damaging a child's sense of self, ability to have healthy relationships, and ability to function at home, at work, and at school. Figure 38 shows the child abuse rate per 1,000 population aged 0-18. The child abuse rate in Edgecombe County has decreased over the past three measurement periods. The 2017 child abuse rate in Edgecombe County (0.08 per 1,000 population) is lower than the rate in North Carolina (0.22) and the Health ENC region (0.28).

Figure 38. Child Abuse Rate (Management Assistance for Child Welfare, Work First, and Food & Nutrition Services in North Carolina & University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Jordan Institute for Families)



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### Incarceration

According to the U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics, approximately one out of 100 adults in the U.S. are in jail or prison. Conditions in jails and prisons can lead to an increased risk of infectious diseases such as tuberculosis and hepatitis C, as well as assault from other inmates. After incarceration, individuals are likely to face a variety of social issues such as employment discrimination, disruption of family relationships and recidivism.

Figure 39 shows the incarceration rate per 1,000 population. While the rate in Edgecombe County exhibited a decrease between 2014 and 2016, the rate increased in the most recent time period. The 2017 incarceration rate in Edgecombe County (444.5 per 1,000 population) is higher than North Carolina (276.7) and the Health ENC region (232.6).

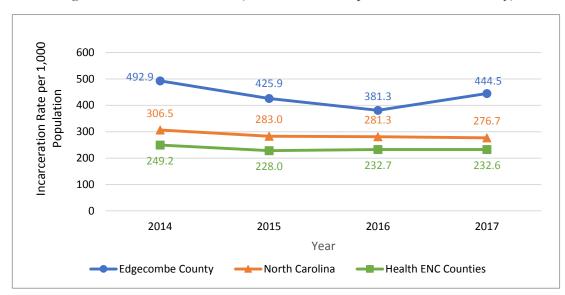


Figure 39. Incarceration Rate (North Carolina Department of Public Safety)

# Access to Healthcare, Insurance and Health Resources Information

### **Health Insurance**

Medical costs in the United States are very high. People without health insurance may not be able to afford medical treatment or prescription drugs. They are also less likely to get routine checkups and screenings, so if they do become ill they may not seek treatment until the condition is more advanced, and therefore more difficult and costly to treat.

Figure 40 shows the percent of people aged 0-64 years old that have any type of health insurance coverage. The rate for Edgecombe County, 88.0%, is slightly higher than the rate for North Carolina (87.8%) and the Health ENC region (87.2%). 12% of the population in Edgecombe County is uninsured.

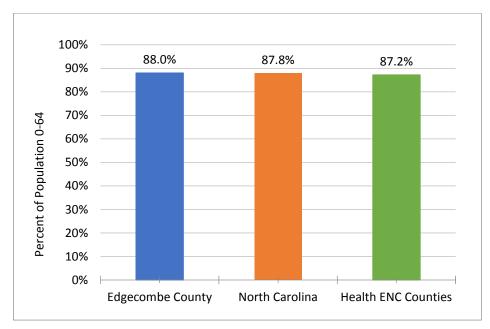


Figure 40. Persons with Health Insurance (Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, 2016)

Figure 41 shows the percent of the population only receiving health insurance through Medicaid, Medicare, or military healthcare (TRICARE). Edgecombe County has a higher percent of people receiving Medicaid (31.9%) than North Carolina (18.2%) and Health ENC counties (21.7%). The percent of people receiving military health insurance is lower in Edgecombe County, as compared to North Carolina and Health ENC counties.

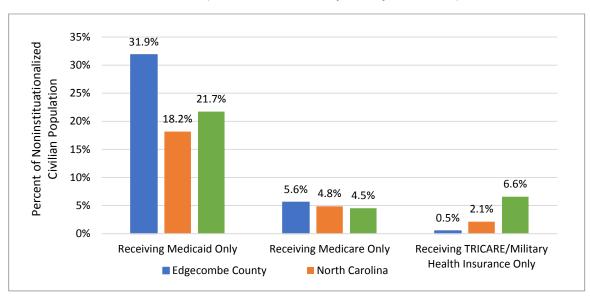


Figure 41. Persons Only Receiving Health Insurance through Medicaid, Medicare or Military Healthcare (American Community Survey, 2012-2016)

# **Civic Activity**

# **Political Activity**

Exercising the right to vote allows a community to choose elected officials and hold them accountable. Voting ensures that all citizens have the opportunity to voice their opinions on issues such as the use of tax dollars, civil rights and foreign policy. By voting, individuals shape their communities and influence the next generation of society. A high level of voter turnout indicates that citizens are involved and interested in who represents them in the political system.

Figure 42 shows the voting age population, or percent of the population aged 18 years and older. Edgecombe County has a similar proportion of residents of voting age (76.9%) than North Carolina (77.3%) and Health ENC counties (76.7%).



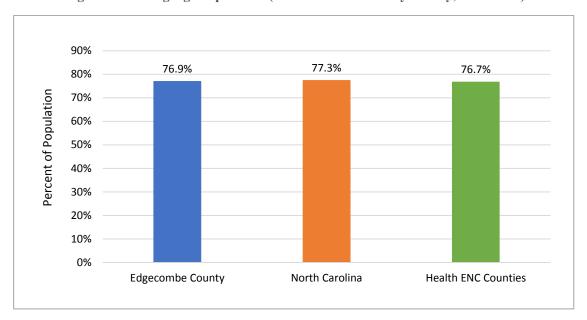
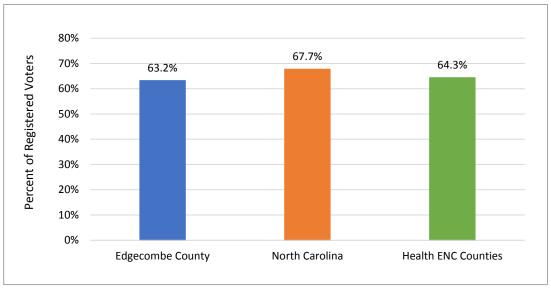


Figure 43 shows the percent of registered voters who voted in the last presidential election. The rate in Edgecombe County was 63.2%, which is lower than the state value (67.7%) and slightly lower than the Health ENC counties (64.3%).

Figure 43. Voter Turnout in the Last Presidential Election (North Carolina State Board of Elections, 2016)



# **Findings**

# **Secondary Data Scoring Results**

Table 8 shows the data scoring results for Edgecombe County by topic area. Topics with higher scores indicate greater need. Men's Health is the poorest performing health topic for Edgecombe County, followed by Heart Disease & Stroke, Prevention & Safety, Public Safety, Economy and Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health.

Table 8. Secondary Data Scoring Results by Topic Area

Health and Quality of Life Topics	Score
Men's Health	2.20
Heart Disease & Stroke	2.14
Prevention & Safety	2.13
Public Safety	2.09
Economy	2.06
Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health	2.02

<sup>\*</sup>See Appendix B for additional details on the indicators within each topic area

# **Primary Data**

# **Community Survey**

Figure 44 shows the list of community issues ranked by residents as most affecting the quality of life in Edgecombe County. Low income and poverty was the most frequently selected issue and was ranked by 49.4% of survey respondents, followed by drugs/substance abuse (16.8%) and discrimination/racism (6.4%). The response from both surveys was combined for the analysis of this question to help determine additional top quality of life needs in the community.

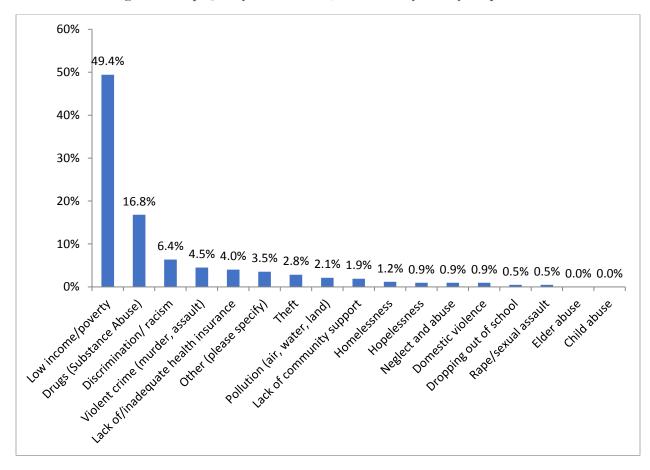


Figure 44. Top Quality of Life Issues, as Ranked by Survey Respondents

Figure 45 and 46 display the level of agreement among Edgecombe County residents in response to nine statements about their community. More than half of English survey respondents agreed or strongly agreed that the county is a good place to grow old. While more than half of English survey respondents disagreed (43%) or strongly disagreed (27%) that the county has plenty of economic opportunity. Most Spanish survey respondents agreed or strongly agreed with eight of the nine statements and only 22% disagreed or strongly disagreed that the county has plenty of economic opportunity.

Figure 45. Level of Agreement Among Edgecombe County Residents in Response to Nine Statements about their Community - English

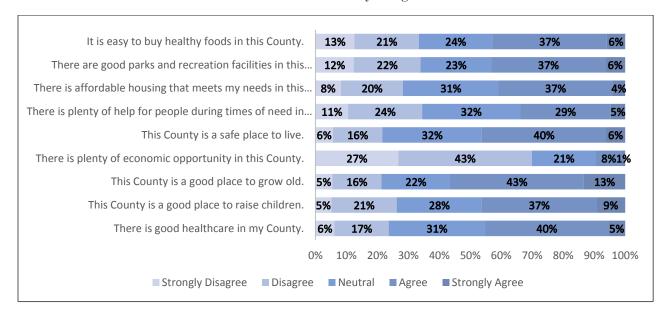
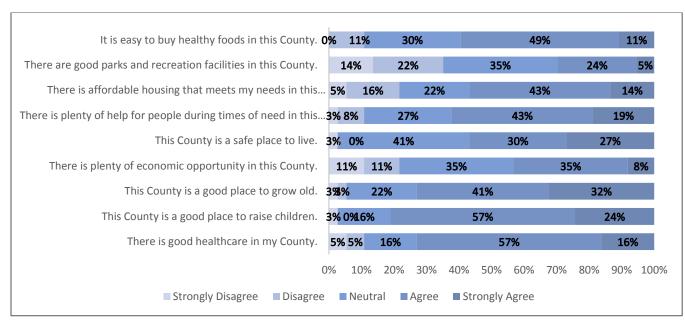


Figure 46. Level of Agreement Among Edgecombe County Residents in Response to Nine Statements about their Community – Spanish



Figures 47 and 48 show the list of services that were ranked by residents as needing the most improvement in Edgecombe County. Higher paying employment was the most frequently selected services by both English and Spanish survey respondents.

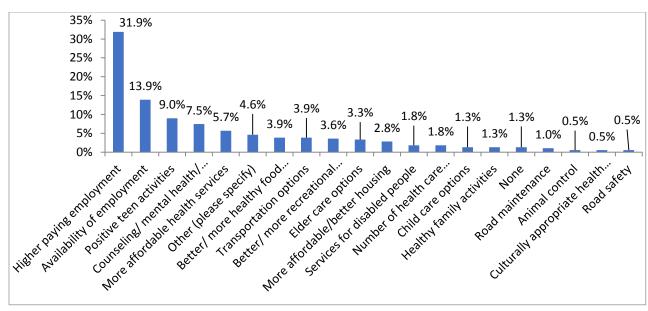
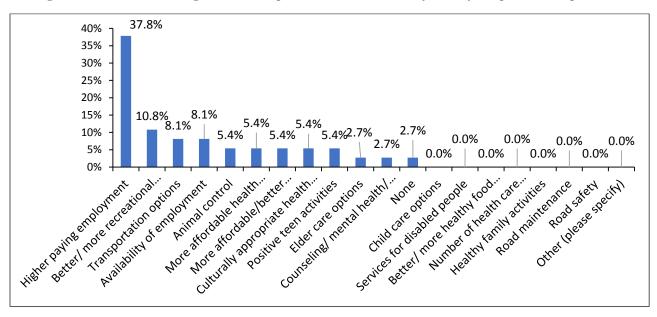


Figure 47. Services Needing the Most Improvement, as Ranked by Survey Respondents - English





Figures 49 and 50 show a list of health behaviors that were ranked by residents as topics that Edgecombe County residents need more information about. Substance abuse prevention was the most frequently selected issue, being ranked by 21.4% of English survey respondents and 16.2% of Spanish survey respondents. 16.2% of Spanish survey respondents also selected going to the dentist for check-ups as a top issue the community needs more information about. Eating well and nutrition was also selected by respondents from both surveys as a top health behavior people need more information about.



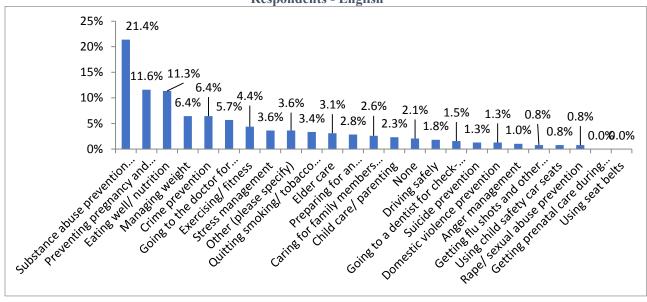
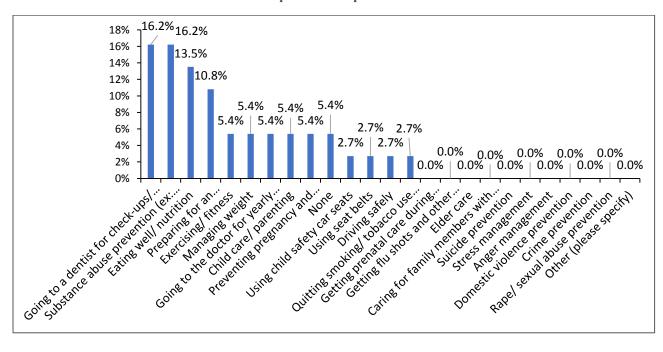


Figure 50. Health Behaviors that Residents Need More Information About, As Ranked by Survey Respondents - Spanish



# **Focus Group Discussions**

Table 9 shows the focus group results for Edgecombe County by topic area or code. Focus Group transcript text were analyzed by the Conduent HCI team using a list of codes that closely mirror the health and quality of life topics used in the data scoring and community survey processes. Text was grouped by coded excerpts, or quotes, and quantified to identify areas of the highest need per the focus group participants. All excerpts/quotes were also categorized as a strength or a barrier/need based on the context in which the participant mentioned the topic. Topics with higher frequency and mentioned in the context of needs/concerns or barriers/challenges suggests greater need in the community. Topics with a frequency more than 10 are included in the overall list of significant health needs.

**Table 9. Focus Group Results by Topic Area** 

Topic Area (Code)	Frequency	
Exercise, Nutrition, & Weight	19	
Access to Health Services	18	
Economy	11	
Men's Health	9	
Heart Disease & Stroke	7	
African American	7	
Substance Abuse	7	

# **Data Synthesis**

All forms of data have strengths and limitations. In order to gain a comprehensive understanding of the significant health needs for Edgecombe County, findings from the secondary data, community survey and focus group discussions were compared and analyzed for areas of overlap. The top needs from each data source were identified using the criteria displayed in Table 10.

Table 10. Criteria for Identifying the Top Needs from each Data Source

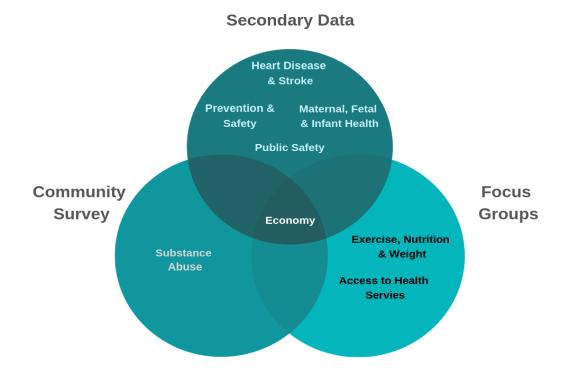
Data Source	Criteria for Top Need
Secondary Data	Topics receiving highest data score
Community Survey	Community issues ranked by survey respondents as most affecting the quality of life*
Focus Group Discussions	Topics discussed most frequently by participants in context of needs/concerns or barriers/challenges to achieving health

<sup>\*</sup>Community Survey Q4: Please look at this list of community issues. In your opinion, which one issue most affects the quality of life in this County?

The top needs from each data source were incorporated into a Venn Diagram. Community issues ranked by survey respondents were categorized to align with the health and quality of life topic areas displayed in Table 2.

Figure 51 displays the top needs from each data source in the Venn diagram.

Figure 51. Data Synthesis



Across all three data sources, there is strong evidence of need to assess the topic area Economy. As seen in Figure 51, the survey results and focus group discussion analysis cultivated additional topics not ranked as top priorities in the secondary data findings. A mixed-methods approach is a strength when assessing a community as a whole. This process ensures robust findings through statistical analysis of health indicators and examination of constituent's perceptions of community health issues.

# **Topic Areas Examined in This Report**

The five topic areas with the highest secondary data scores are explored in-depth in this report.

Table 11. Topic Areas Examined In-Depth in this Report

Access to Health Services\*
Diabetes\*
Economy\*
Exercise, Nutrition & Weight
Maternal, Feta & Infant Health\*
Occupational & Environmental
Health
Substance Abuse
Transportation\*

Findings related to topics that were ranked high in the community, but did not surface in the secondary data findings, are addressed in this report in the chapter Other Significant Health Needs. These additional topics include Exercise, Nutrition & Weight, Occupational & Environmental Health and Substance Abuse.

#### **Navigation within Each Topic**

Findings are organized by topic area. Within each topic, key issues are summarized followed by a review of secondary and primary data findings. Special emphasis is placed on populations that are highly impacted, such as older adults, race/ethnic groups or low-income populations. Figures, tables and extracts from quantitative and qualitative data substantiate findings. Each topic includes a table with key indicators from the secondary data scoring results. The value for Edgecombe County is displayed alongside relevant comparisons, gauges and icons which are color-coded with green indicating good, red indicating bad and blue indicating neutral.

Table 12 describes the gauges and icons used to evaluate the secondary data.

Table 12. Description of Gauges and Icons used in Secondary Data Scoring

Gauge or Icon	Description					
<b>6</b>	Green represents the "best" 50th percentile.					
	Yellow represents the 50th to 25th quartile					
	Red represents the "worst" quartile.					
	There has been a non-significant increase/decrease over time.					
	There has been a significant increase/decrease over time.					
	There has been neither a statistically significant increase nor decrease over time.					

#### **Heart Disease & Stroke**

#### **Key Issues**

- Heart Failure within the Medicare population is a top concern and is significantly increasing over time
- Stroke and Hypertension amongst the Medicare population are higher in Edgecombe County than in North Carolina and the U.S.
- The Medicare population is highly impacted within the Heart Disease & Stroke topic area

#### **Secondary Data**

The secondary data scoring results reveal Heart Disease & Stroke as the top need in Edgecombe County with a score of 2.14. Additional analysis is performed to find specific indicators that contribute to this area of concern, and these indicators are identified with high indicator data scores, shown in Table 13. Heart Failure amongst the Medicare population is the highest scoring indicator with a score of 2.7. 17.9% of the Medicare population experience heart failure, which is higher than in the state (12.5%) and U.S. (13.5), and there is a significant increase over time based on the time trend analysis. Stroke and Hypertension amongst the Medicare population are also high scoring indicators that are higher in Edgecombe County than in North Carolina and the U.S. The age-adjusted death rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke) is 92.4 deaths per 100,000 population compared in Edgecombe County compared to 43.1 per 100,000 population in the state and 36.9 per 100,000 population in the U.S. There is some indication of an increasing trend for this indicator though it is not statistically significant at this time.

Table 13. Data Scoring Results for Heart Disease & Stroke

Score	Indicator (Year) (Units)	Edgecomb e County	North Carolin a	U.S.	North Carolin a Countie s	U.S. Countie s	Trend	Health y NC 2020	HP 202 0
2.7	Heart Failure: Medicare Population (2015) (percent)	17.9	12.5	13.5			<b>1</b>	_	_
2	Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population (2015) (percent)	26.6	24	26.5				_	_
2.5	Stroke: Medicare Population (2015) (percent)	4.9	3.9	4			<b>1</b>	-	-

2.1	Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population (2015) (percent)	52.6	46.3	44.6		<u> </u>	-
2.3	Hypertension: Medicare Population (2015) (percent)	69.7	58	55			-
2	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Heart Disease (2012-2016) (deaths/ 100,000 population)	198.7	161.3	-		161.5	_
2.43	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascula r Disease (Stroke) (2012-2016) (deaths/ 100,000 population)	92.4	43.1	36.9		<b>_</b>	34.8

<sup>\*</sup>See Appendix B for full list of indicators included in each topic area

41% of English survey participants reported being told by a health care professional that they had high blood pressure and 28% had been told they have high cholesterol. In the past 12 months, 57% had their cholesterol checked, 75% had their blood pressure checked and 8% had

had a cardiovascular screening. 21% of Spanish survey participants reported being told by a health care professional that they had high blood pressure and 9% had been told they have high cholesterol. In the past 12 months, 33% had their cholesterol checked, 17% had their blood pressure checked and 8% had had a cardiovascular screening.

Indirectly related, community survey respondents rated eating well/nutrition, going to the doctor for yearly checkups and screenings and managing weight as topics the community needs more information about which may impact the population living with conditions related to heart disease and stroke.

"We're not going to die until it's time for us to die. This is embedded into our culture."

Heart Disease and Stroke came up seven times in the focus groups and was raised as a primary concern in the community. Multiple participants discussed hypertension as an issue and one

participant raised congestive heart failure (CHF) as a top issue. Heart disease was discussed in context of unhealthy lifestyles and poor nutrition in the community. One participant felt that people delay seeking medical care for cultural reasons which causes heart conditions and other chronic diseases to get worse.

## **Highly Impacted Populations**

Data scoring analysis identified the Medicare population in Edgecombe County as highly impacted within the Heart Disease & Stroke topic area. The African American/Black community was raised in the focused groups as a highly impacted group.

## **Prevention & Safety**

#### **Key Issues**

- The age-adjusted death rate due to firearms is a top concern and significantly increasing over time
- The age-adjusted death rate due to unintentional injuries is a high scoring indicator and is significantly increasing over time
- Severe housing problems are higher in Edgecombe County than in North Carolina and the U.S.

### **Secondary Data**

Prevention & Safety was identified as a top scoring area with a score of 2.13. Table 14 highlights indicators of concern. Topics within the Prevention & Safety topic area related to community safety includes housing issues as well as unintentional injuries and deaths.

**Table 14. Data Scoring Results for Prevention & Safety** 

Score	Indicator (Year) (Units)	Edgecomb e County	North Carolin a	U.S.	North Carolin a Countie s	U.S. Countie s	Trend	Health y NC 2020	HP 202 0
2.25	Severe Housing Problems (2010-2014) (percent)	19	16.6	18.8			=	-	_
2.05	Age- Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions (2012-2016) (deaths/ 100,000 population)	21.1	14.1	-			<b>!</b>	_	-
2.18	Age- Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentiona 1 Injuries (2012-2016) (deaths/ 100,000 population)	40.6	31.9	41.4			<b>1</b>	_	36.4
2.85	Age- Adjusted Death Rate	22.7	12.7	11			1	_	9.3



<sup>\*</sup>See Appendix B for full list of indicators included in each topic area

According to survey results, Prevention & Safety (specifically, violent crime) was ranked fourth of the quality of life topics individuals in Edgecombe County felt most effected their lives (4.49%). Other topics related to Prevention and Safety were not ranked as top issues in the community, such as domestic violence and theft. However, 5.7% of English survey respondents and 5.4% of Spanish survey respondents selected more affordable or better housing as a service needing the most improvement.

41% of English survey respondents and 57% of Spanish survey respondents shared that they strongly agreed or agreed that Edgecombe County has affordable housing that meets their needs while, 46% of English survey respondents and 57% of Spanish survey respondents strongly agreed or agreed that Edgecombe County is a safe place to live. Focus group discussion did not reveal any needs or concerns related to safety more generally though this may have been related to the nature of the conversations.

#### **Highly Impacted Populations**

Data scoring analysis did not identify, or there was not data available, to indicate any groups highly impacted within the Prevention & Safety topic area. No specific groups were identified in the primary data sources.

## **Economy**

#### **Key Issues**

- 25.7% of Edgecombe County does not meet the Healthy North Carolina 2020 goal of 12.5% of people living below poverty level
- Families and children living below poverty level are a top concern for Edgecombe County
- The percentage of students eligible for the free lunch program is significantly increasing over time

#### **Secondary Data**

The topic Economy received a data score of 2.06. There are many poorly performing indicators related to the Economy and the highest scoring indicators are displayed in Table 15. 25.7% of people live below the poverty level in Edgecombe County, which is higher than in the state, and U.S. Edgecombe County does not meet the Healthy North Carolina 2020 goal of 12.5% of people living below poverty level. 91.5% of children in the county are eligible for the free school lunch program and this indicator is significantly increasing over time. The percentage of families living below the poverty level in Edgecombe County (21.5%) is significantly increasing over time.

**Table 15. Data Scoring Results for Economy** 

Score	Indicator (Year) (Units)	Edgecombe County	North Carolina	U.S.	North Carolina Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend	Healthy NC 2020	HP 2020
2.3	People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level (2012-2016) (percent)	15.6	9.7	9.3				, , , <u>-</u>	-
2.65	People Living Below Poverty Level (2012-2016) (percent)	25.7	16.8	15.1	<b>A</b>			12.5	-
2.25	Severe Housing Problems (2010-2014) (percent)	19	16.6	18.8			=		<u>-</u>
2.3	Children Living Below Poverty Level (2012-2016) (percent)	40.6	23.9	21.2					<u>-</u>
2.7	Students Eligible for the Free Lunch Program (2015-2016) (percent)	91.5	52.6	42.6			1	. <u>-</u>	-

2.5	Families Living Below Poverty Level (2012-2016) (percent)	21.5	12.4	11		
2.3	People Living 200% Above Poverty Level (2012-2016) (percent)	45.9	62.3	66.4		_

\*See Appendix B for full list of indicators included in each topic area

Community survey participants were asked to rank the issue that most negatively affects their community's quality of life. Both poverty and the economy were the top issues identified in Edgecombe County that negatively affect quality of life, selected by 49.4% of survey participants. Community survey participants were also asked to weigh-in on areas of community services that needed the most improvement. With the highest share of responses, higher paying employment ranked first for both survey groups (31.9% English, 37.8% Spanish). Availability of employment also received high responses from both survey groups (13.9% English, 8.1% Spanish). Focus group participants shared their economic stressors: general stress related to not having enough income, not being able to afford gym memberships and needing more and better paying jobs in the community.

#### **Highly Impacted Populations**

Data scoring analysis identified families and children are groups highly impacted within the Economy topic area. No specific groups were identified in the primary data sources.

## **Public Safety**

#### **Key Issues**

- Age-adjusted death rate due to firearms and homicide are top concerns for Edgecombe County and are significantly increasing over time
- Violent crime is a top area of concern in Edgecombe County and is higher than in North Carolina and in the U.S.

#### **Secondary Data**

Public Safety is another high scoring area, with a score of 2.09. Indicators of concern are displayed in Table 16. Top areas of concern are the age-adjusted death rate due to firearms (22.7 deaths per 100,000 population) and the age-adjusted death rate due to homicide (15.2 deaths per 100,000). For both of these indicators, the age-adjusted death rates in Edgecombe County are higher than in North Carolina and in the U.S. and the increase over time is statistically significant. Also, of concern is the violent crime rate which is 565.2 crimes per 100,000 population and higher than the state (374.9 crimes/100,000 population) and U.S. (386.3 crimes/100,000 population).

**Table 16. Data Scoring Results for Access to Health Services** 

Sco	re Indicator (Year) (Units)	Edgecombe County	North Carolina	U.S.	North Carolina Counties	U.S. Countie	Trend	Healthy NC 2020	HP 2020
2.7	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Homicide (2012-2016) (deaths/ 100,000 population)	15.2	6.2	5.5		_	1	6.7	5.5
2.0	population)	565.2	374.9	386.3		-		-	-
2.0	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions (2012-2016) (deaths/ 100,000 population)	21.1	14.1	-		_	1		_
2.0	Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths (2012-2016) (percent)	31.8	31.4	29.3				4.7	-
2.8	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Firearms (2014-2016) (deaths/ 100,000 population)	22.7	12.7	11			1		9.3

<sup>\*</sup>See Appendix B for full list of indicators included in each topic area

According to survey results, Public Safety was not a high-ranking quality of life topic individuals in Edgecombe County felt affected their lives. 2.8% selected theft as a top issue in the community. This may suggest that most survey participants are not adversely affected in the same way others in the community are by higher rates of crime. When asked about what health behaviors people in the community needed more information about, 6.4% of English survey respondents selected crime prevention compared to 0% in the Spanish survey. As previously summarized, many survey respondents felt that Edgecombe County is a safe place to live. Public Safety was not a health topic that came up during focus group discussions. This may be due to the direction of the conversations or could indicate a lack of awareness amongst the group about issues present in the community.

#### **Highly Impacted Populations**

Data scoring analysis did not identify, or there was not data available, to indicate any groups highly impacted within the Public Safety topic area. No specific groups were identified in the primary data sources.

## Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health

#### **Kev Issues**

- Edgecombe County does not meet the Healthy People 2020 goals for babies born with low or very low birth weight
- The percent of preterm births in Edgecombe County is higher than in North Carolina and the U.S. overall

## **Secondary Data**

From the secondary data scoring results, Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health was identified to be a top need in Edgecombe County with a score of 2.02. Specific indicators of concern are highlighted in Table 17. 12.5% of babies are born with a low birth rate and 2.5% are born with a very low birth rate in Edgecombe County, which is higher than the North Carolina and U.S. value. There is some indication for both indicators that there is an increasing trend over time, though this in not currently statistically significant. Edgecombe County does not meet the Healthy People 2020 goal of 1.4% of babies with very low birth weight and 7.8% born with low birth weight. The indicator for preterm births received a score of 2.18 and is 11.6% compared to 10.4% in North Carolina and 9.8% in the U.S. Edgecombe County does not meet the Healthy People 2020 goal of 9.4% preterm births.

Table 17. Data Scoring Results for Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health

Score	Indicator (Year) (Units)	Edgecombe County	North Carolina	U.S.	North Carolina Counties	U.S. Counties	Trend	Healthy NC 2020	HP 2020
2.43	Babies with Very Low Birth Weight (2012-2016) (percent)	2.5	1.7	1.4			1	_	1.4
2.43	Babies with Low Birth Weight (2012-2016) (percent)	12.5	9	8.1	A		1	_	7.8
2.18	Preterm Births (2016) (percent)	11.6	10.4	9.8				-	9.4

<sup>\*</sup>See <u>Appendix B</u> for full list of indicators included in each topic area

#### **Primary Data**

In the community survey, participants were asked to identify health behaviors people in the community need more information about and "getting prenatal care during pregnancy" was selected 0% of the survey respondents. This result may have been due to the demographics of

survey respondents and not necessarily reflect the ultimate need in the community. During the focus group discussions, teen pregnancy and pre/post-natal care was not raised as an issue in the community. The lack of discussion in relation to Maternal, fetal and Infant Health may also indicate a lack of awareness in the community about these issues.

Related to teen health and pregnancy, "positive teen activities" was the third highest-ranking service needing improvement in the community by English survey participants (9%) and ninth by Spanish survey respondents (5.4%). English survey respondents selected preventing pregnancy/sexually transmitted diseases as the second highest-ranking health behavior (11.6%) that people in the community need more information about and ninth by Spanish survey respondents (5.4%).

#### **Highly Impacted Populations**

Data scoring analysis did not identify, or there was not data available, to indicate any groups highly impacted within the Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health topic area. No specific groups were identified in the primary data sources.

## **Mortality**

Knowledge about the leading causes of death in a population is critical to understanding how to target interventions to maximize population health. Table 18 shows the leading causes of mortality in Edgecombe County, North Carolina, and Health ENC Counties in 2014-2016, where the rate is age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population and is given as an age-adjusted death rate per 100,000 population.

Table 18. Leading Causes of Mortality (2014-2016, CDC WONDER)

	<b>Edgecombe County</b>			North (	Carolina		Health ENC Counties		
Rank	Cause	Deaths	Rate*	Cause	Deaths	Rate*	Cause	Deaths	Rate*
1	Heart Diseases	414	196.2	Cancer	58,187	165.1	Cancer	12,593	177.5
2	Cancer	408	188.5	Heart Diseases	54,332	159	Heart Diseases	12,171	178.8
3	Cerebrovascular Diseases	208	97.8	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	15,555	45.1	Cerebrovascular Diseases	3,247	48.5
4	Accidental Injuries	100	60.3	Accidental Injuries	15,024	48.2	Accidental Injuries	3,136	50.1
5	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	83	39.3	Cerebrovascular Diseases	14,675	43.6	Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases	3,098	44.9
6	Diabetes	62	28.9	Alzheimer's Disease	11,202	34.2	Diabetes	2,088	29.9
7	Septicemia	57	27	Diabetes	8,244	23.6	Alzheimer's Disease	1,751	27.3
8	Kidney Diseases	39	18	Influenza and Pneumonia	5,885	17.5	Influenza and Pneumonia	1,148	17.2
9	Alzheimer's Disease	37	17.5	Kidney Diseases	5,614	16.5	Kidney Diseases	1,140	16.8
10	Influenza and Pneumonia	34	15.8	Septicemia	4,500	13.1	Septicemia	1,033	15.1

<sup>\*</sup>Age-adjusted death rate per 100,000 population

## **Other Significant Health Needs**

## **Exercise, Nutrition & Weight**

#### **Secondary Data**

From the secondary data scoring results, the Exercise, Nutrition & Weight, received a score of 1.84 and was the 15<sup>th</sup> most pressing health need in Edgecombe County. Top scoring related indicators include Adults 20+ who are Obese (2.45), Workers who Walk to Work (2.40), Adults 20+ who are Sedentary (2.35), Food Environment Index (2.30), Food Insecurity Rate (2.30), Access to Exercise Opportunities (2.10) and Child Food Insecurity Rate (2.10).

#### **Primary Data**

Among community survey respondents, the highest percentage rated their health as good (44% English Survey, 54% Spanish) and fewer rated their health as very good (30% English, 14% Spanish). 52% of English survey respondents reported being told by a health professional that they were overweight and/or obese while 25% of Spanish respondents had been told the same. A bout the same percentage of Spanish respondents and English respondents were told that they have diabetes (17%, Spanish, 16% English).

Data from community survey showed that respondents to the Spanish survey reported more frequently that they did not engage in any physical activity or exercise during the week than the English respondents (38% English, 75% Spanish). Among individuals that do not exercise, Spanish respondents reported that they do not have time (37%) and their job is physical labor (26%) as the primary reasons for not exercising regularly. English respondents reported that they did not exercise because they were too tired (34%), they do not have time (31%) or they did not like to exercise (21%).

Exercise, Nutrition & Weight was discussed in all focus groups. Participants shared their concerns for weight and nutrition in the community. One participant shared concerns with young children staying active and described the need to intervene early with influencing healthy habits. Suggestions included providing more affordable services or activities to help people stay physically active in the community. They

"Community just doesn't know or have the knowledge on how to be healthy. People are not health conscious. Ignorance plays a role. Some people don't eat right because it's what we're used to. We need to learn about spices for flavoring instead of just using salt, pepper."

shared that they struggled with not knowing how to eat healthy or finding healthy food choices when eating away from home. Despite possible cultural barriers, participants felt that Education about health and nutrition needed in the community.

### **Substance Abuse**

#### **Secondary Data**

From the secondary data scoring results, the Substance Abuse received a score of 1.78 and was the 17<sup>th</sup> most pressing health need in Edgecombe County. Top related indicators include Adults who Smoke (2.70), Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths (2.05) and Liquor Store Density (1.95).

Community survey participants ranked substance abuse (16.8%) as the second most important issue affecting quality of life in Edgecombe County. Additionally, 21.4% of English survey respondents and 16.2% of Spanish survey respondents reported wanting to learn more about substance abuse prevention.

13% of English survey participants reported currently using tobacco products and 3% of Spanish respondents reported any use. Of those who reported tobacco product use, most people reported that they would not know where to go for help if they wanted to quit.

Spanish and English survey participants reported having been exposed to secondhand smoke in the last year (69% Spanish, 57% English). Of those who indicated that they had been exposed to secondhand smoke, 43% of Spanish respondents were exposed at the workplace and 43% in 'other' locations than those listed but did not provide additional information. English participants selected 'other' locations (39%) and home (34%) as the places they were exposed to secondhand smoke. When examining the 'other' open-ended responses, most people listed other people's homes and outside.

Most participants across both surveys reported zero incidences of having had 4/5 or more drinks on an occasion in the past 30 days (71% English, 75% Spanish. Reported illicit drug use amongst survey participants in the past 30-days was very low, the vast majority reporting no illegal drug use (96%, English, 100% Spanish). Of those who reported any illegal drug use (<5%) in the past 30 days, 100% reported marijuana use. 97% of Spanish respondents and 97% of English respondents reported no use of prescription drugs for which they had no prescription.

"Depression, drugs and alcohol, not enough good paying jobs or jobs in general. People can't live off what they are making."

Focus group discussions did not focus heavily on substance abuse, however, seven participants raised tobacco use, alcohol and substance use in general as issues in their community. One participant felt that poverty, mental health and substance use were interconnected issues in the community.

## A Closer Look at Highly Impacted Populations

Several subpopulations emerged from the primary and secondary data for their disparities in access to care, risk factors, and health outcomes. This section focuses on these subpopulations and their unique needs.

#### Men's Health

Men's health ranks as a top need in Edgecombe County as determined by the secondary data scoring results; however, this should be interpreted with caution as a limited number of indicators (3) are contributing to its topic score of 2.20. Death rates due to prostate cancer are of particular concern. The age-adjusted death rate due to prostate cancer in Edgecombe County is 34.1 deaths/100,000 males and the Prostate Cancer incidence rate is 129.8 cases / 100,000 males, both

of which are higher than the state value and national value. Edgecombe County also fails to meet the Healthy People 2020 target of 79.5 years of life expectancy for males.

## Disparities by Age, Gender and Race/Ethnicity

Secondary data are further assessed to determine health disparities for race, ethnicity, age, or gender groups. Table 19 identifies indicators in which a specific population subgroup differs significantly and negatively from the overall population in Edgecombe County, with significance determined by non-overlapping confidence intervals.

Table 19. Indicators with Significant Race/Ethnic, Age, or Gender Disparities

Health Indicator	Group(s) Disparately Affected*
People Living Below Poverty Level	6-11, <6, Black or African American
Families Living Below Poverty Level	Black or African American
People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher	25-34, Hispanic or Latino, Other
People 25+ with a High School Degree or Higher	65+, Male, Hispanic or Latino, Other
Children Living Below Poverty Level	<6, Black or African American
Per Capita Income	American Indian or Alaska Native, Black or African American, Hispanic or Latino, Other, Two or More Races
Workers who Drive Alone to Work	Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
Young Children Living Below Poverty Level	Black or African American
Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate	Black
All Cancer Incidence Rate	Male

<sup>\*</sup>See <u>HealthENC.org</u> for indicator values for population subgroups

The list of indicators with significant disparities should be interpreted with caution. Indicators beyond those displayed in Table 19 may also negatively impact a specific subgroup; however, not all data sources provide subpopulation data, so it is not possible to draw conclusions about every indicator used in the secondary data analysis.

## **Geographic Disparities**

Geographic disparities are identified using the SocioNeeds Index®. Zip code 27801, with an index value of 97.0, has the highest socioeconomic need within Edgecombe County, potentially

indicating poorer health outcomes for its residents. See the <u>SocioNeeds Index</u>® for more details, including a map of Edgecombe County zip codes and index values.

#### **Conclusion**

The Community Health Needs Assessment utilized a comprehensive set of secondary data indicators measuring the health and quality of life needs for Edgecombe County. The assessment was further informed with input from Edgecombe County residents through a community survey and focus group discussions that included participants from broad interests of the community. The data synthesis process identified nine significant health needs: Access to Health Services, Diabetes, Economy, Exercise, Nutrition & Weight, Maternal, Feta & Infant Health, Occupational & Environmental Health, Substance Abuse and Transportation. The prioritization process identified 3 focus areas:

- Chronic Disease Prevention and Management
- Health Equity
- Mental Health.

Following this process, Edgecombe County will outline how it plans to address these health needs in its overall county action / implementation plan. The action plans specific to the county will be reported by Edgecombe County Health Department in their Action Plan and those actions led by Vidant Edgecombe Hospital will be reported in their Implementation Strategy. Feedback on these reports will be incorporated into the next CHNA process.

We hope to incorporate any feedback on this report into the next CHNA process. Please send your feedback and comments to Michele.cherry@vidanthealth.com.

## **Appendix A. Impact since Prior CHNA**

As part of the 2016 Community Health Needs Assessment, Chronic Disease Prevention and Management, Mental Health and Substance Use, HIV/STD's and Access to Care were selected as prioritized health needs. As agreed upon in the priority setting session, Vidant Edgecombe Hospital would focus on Chronic Disease Prevention and Management, Mental Health and Substance Use and Access to Care, while the Edgecombe County Health Department would focus on HIV/STD's.

Significant Health Need Identified in Preceding CHNA	Planned Activities to Address Health Needs Identified in Preceding Implementation Strategy	Was Activity Implemented (Yes/No)	Results, Impact & Data Sources
Chronic disease Prevention and Management	Collaborate with local agencies and local industry to conduct community-based health screenings for heart disease, stroke, diabetes and cancer.	Yes	<ul> <li>Vidant Edgecombe Hospital worked with community organizations to increase education and awareness of stroke signs and symptoms. Using the NC Stroke Association approved screening process, Vidant Edgecombe Hospital screened 189 people in 2018, which was a 100% increase from 2017.</li> <li>2017- Community Skin Cancer Screening using the American Academy of Dermatology SPOTme Skin Cancer Screening Program. 35 people screened, 11 needed follow-up, and one diagnosed with skin cancer.</li> <li>2017-Community Prostate Cancer Screening (Adult Men) using American Urological Association Guidelines – 18 men were screened with one abnormal screening.</li> <li>2017- Community Breast Cancer Screening using the U.S. Preventative Services Task Force Guidelines – 12 people screened, 3 received mammograms, 1 received additional imaging and recommended for a six month follow-up.</li> <li>2018- Breast Cancer Screening using the U.S. Preventative services Guidelines 8 recommended for follow up.</li> <li>2018- Community Skin Cancer Screening using the American Academy of Dermatology SPOTme Skin Cancer Screening Program. 51 people screened, 21 needed follow-up, one diagnosed with skin cancer.</li> </ul>

		<ul> <li>2018- Community Prostate Cancer screening (adult men) using American Urological Association Guidelines – 21 men were screened with 5 abnormal screenings. None were diagnosed.</li> <li>2019 – Community Skin Cancer Screening using the American Academy of Dematology SPOTme Skin Caner Screening Program – 43 people screened, 20 needing follow-up. (Final results were not known at the time of this report).</li> <li>2019- Vidant Edgecombe Hospital worked with UNC Kidney Center and offered a community screening in which 21 community members were screened. Of the 21 screened, 48% had diabetes and 38% had hypertension. One was recommended for follow-up.</li> <li>2019- prostate cancer, breast cancer, and other screenings are ongoing</li> </ul>
Promotion of at least three nationally recognized health events such as breast cancer awareness, women's heart health, stroke awareness and diabetes.	Yes	<ul> <li>Wear Red Day for Women's Heart Health</li> <li>Stroke Walk in May for Stroke Awareness Month</li> <li>Pink Power- for Breast Cancer Awareness         2017- 150 participants         2018- 150 participants     </li> </ul>
In conjunction with other community partners, sponsor Breast Cancer Awareness and prevention activities in October. Conduct Breast Cancer Screenings annually and participate in Vidant Health's Annual Pink Power initiative.  a. Continue the Breast Lay Health Advisor program to provide community education and	Yes	<ul> <li>Komen funding secured for 2016, 2017 and 2018 to provide mammograms and financial assistance to those in need.</li> <li>Lay health Advisor program is still in operation and provides education at community events annually.</li> </ul>

	outreach throughout the year b. Apply for grant funding to address breast cancer		
	Sponsor Women's Heart Truth event in February. Event will feature a luncheon with an informational and inspirational speaker, Health screenings and women's heart health education.	Yes	<ul> <li>2016- 160 Participants</li> <li>2017- 160 Participants</li> <li>2018-60 Participants</li> </ul>
	Accept and review applications through the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program from qualified applicants that are addressing Chronic Disease Prevention and/or management. Provide support and/or funding to appropriate organizations.	Yes	<ul> <li>In 2016-2017 the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program provided 9 organizations with funding in the total amount of \$84,500.00 to address chronic disease prevention and management serving roughly 6,940 people.</li> <li>In 2017-2018 the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program provided 6 organizations with funding in the total amount of \$82,500.00 to address chronic disease prevention and management serving roughly 3,650 people.</li> <li>In 2018-2019 the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program provided 9 organizations with funding in the total amount of \$77,500.00 to address chronic disease prevention and management serving roughly 4,780 people.</li> </ul>
	Provide on-site behavioral health services.	Yes	On-site behavioral health services are being provided.
Mental health and Substance	Continue providing placement assistance to patients with Involuntary Commitment orders.	Yes	<ul> <li>Vidant Edgecombe continues to provide placement assistance to patients with involuntary commitment orders.</li> </ul>
Abuse	Host at least one mental health first aid training through collaboration with Eastpointe Human Services	No	<ul> <li>Mental health First Aid training was offered to Edgecombe County Rural Health Network partners but clinics could not commit to the 2-day training.</li> </ul>

	Accept and review applications through the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program from qualified applicants that are addressing mental health and substance misuse needs. Provide support and/or funding to appropriate organizations.	Yes	<ul> <li>In 2016-2017, the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program provided 2 organizations with funding in the total amount of \$5,500.00 to address Mental Health and Substance Misuse serving roughly 675 people.</li> <li>In 2017-2018, the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program provided 2 organizations with funding in the total amount of \$9,000.00 to address Mental Health and Substance Misuse serving roughly 300 people.</li> <li>In 2018-2019, the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program provided 4 organizations with funding in the total amount of \$21,500.00 to address Mental Health and Substance Misuse serving roughly 925 people.</li> </ul>
	Continue commitment to providing quality health care to everyone who seeks our services.	Yes	
	Continue to provide financial counselors who can assist with determining if patients qualify for Medicaid and in applying for other government-assisted programs.	Yes	<ul> <li>Vidant Edgecombe pays a percentage of the salary (to the Edgecombe County Department of Social Services) for an Edgecombe County Medicaid Worker to provide Medicaid enrollment assistance on-site at the hospital. Office space, equipment, and utilities are also provided.</li> </ul>
Access to Care	Continue to offer charity care to our patients who are unable to pay due to financial hardships.	Yes	<ul> <li>2016- \$4,099,908</li> <li>2017- \$4,383,647</li> <li>2018- Report not yet completed</li> </ul>
	Continue to work with Vidant Physician Recruitment Office to help recruit additional primary care physicians to the community.	Yes	
	Continue to lead the Edgecombe County Rural Health Network- a multi- disciplinary partnership of	Yes	<ul> <li>Vidant Edgecombe Hospital continues to lead the Edgecombe County Rural Health Network, which includes eight partner agencies. In 2016, a project manager was hired to oversee the daily functions of the network. In 2019, a benefits advocate (enrollment</li> </ul>

	ten health and human service organizations in Edgecombe County.		specialist) was hired to provide primary care provider assistance to vulnerable patients in the emergency department by connecting patients with case managers at five Edgecombe County primary care clinics.
	Collaborate with Edgecombe County Health Department to provide education and outreach on services available at the health department.	Yes	<ul> <li>Edgecombe County Health Department is part of the Edgecombe County Rural Health Network. Through the network, Edgecombe County Health Department services are shared in the community. Vidant Edgecombe Hospital and the Edgecombe County Health Department also collaborate to provide an HIV ED Testing Program. In addition, the Edgecombe County Barber Shop Project, a partnership between Edgecombe County African American Men and Vidant Edgecombe Hospital, has been implemented in the community.</li> </ul>
	Accept and review applications through the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program from qualified applicants that are addressing Access to Care. Provide support and/or funding to appropriate organizations.	Yes	<ul> <li>In 2016-2017 the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program provided 1 organization with funding in the total amount of \$10,000.00 to address Access to Care serving roughly 650 people.</li> <li>In 2017-2018 the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program provided 2 organizations with funding in the total amount of \$17,500.00 to address Access to Care serving roughly 1180 people.</li> <li>In 2018-2019 the Community Benefits Grants and Health Initiative program provided 1 organization with funding in the total amount of \$7,000.00 to address Access to Care serving roughly 500 people.</li> </ul>
HIV/STD's	Through Edgecombe County Health Department's Integrated Targeted Testing Sites (ITTS) Program:  -Conduct high-risk testing for HIV	Yes	<ul> <li>In the 2017-2018 Fiscal Year, the Health Department's HIV/STD coordinator conducted 291 high-risk tests for HIV within the Vidant Edgecombe Hospital emergency department.</li> <li>Vidant Edgecombe Hospital participates on the HIV/STD Taskforce led by the Edgecombe County Health Department and provides additional support as needed.</li> </ul>

## **Appendix B. Secondary Data Scoring**

#### **Overview**

Data scoring consists of three stages, which are summarized in Figure 50:

#### **Comparison Score**

For each indicator, Edgecombe County is assigned up to 7 comparison scores based on its comparison to other communities, whether health targets have been met, and the trend of the indicator value over time. Comparison scores range from 0-3, where 0 indicates the best outcome and 3 indicates the worst outcome (Figure 51).

#### **Indicator Score**

Indicator scores are calculated as a weighted average of comparison scores. Indicator scores range from 0-3, where 0 indicates the best outcome and 3 indicates the worst outcome (Figure 51).

#### **Topic Score**

Indicators are then categorized into topic areas. Topic scores are calculated by averaging all relevant indicator scores, with indicators equally weighted. Topic scores range from 0-3, where 0 indicates the best outcome and 3 indicates the worst outcome (Figure 51). Indicators may be categorized into more than one topic area.

Figure 52. Secondary Data Scoring Quantitatively Figure 53. Score Range Comparison score all possible Score Score Range comparisons Better = Worse 2 3 1 0 Summarize Indicator comparison scores for Score each indicator Summarize **Topic Score** indicator scores by topic area

95

## **Comparison Scores**

Up to 7 comparison scores were used to assess the status of Edgecombe County. The possible comparisons are shown in Figure 52 and include a comparison of Edgecombe County to North Carolina counties, all U.S. counties, the North Carolina state value, the U.S. value, Healthy People 2020 targets, Healthy North Carolina 2020 targets, and the trend over time. Availability of each type of comparison varies by indicator and is dependent upon the data source, comparability with data collected for other communities, and changes in methodology over time. The determination of comparison scores for each type of comparison is discussed in more detail below.

Figure 54. Comparisons used in Secondary



# Comparison to a Distribution of North Carolina Counties and U.S. Counties

For ease of interpretation and analysis, indicator data on <u>HealthENC.org</u> is visually represented as a green-yellow-red gauge showing how Edgecombe County is faring against a distribution of counties in North Carolina or the U.S. (Figure 53).

Figure 55. Compare to Distribution Indicator Gauge



A distribution is created by taking all county values within the state or nation, ordering them from low to high, and dividing them into four equally sized groups based on their order (Figure 54). The comparison score is determined by how Edgecombe County falls within these four groups or quartiles.

Figure 56. Distribution of County Values



#### Comparison to North Carolina Value and U.S. Value

As shown in Figure 55, the diamond represents how Edgecombe County compares to the North Carolina state value and the national value. When comparing to a single value, the comparison score is determined by how much better or worse the county value is relative to the comparison value.

Figure 57. Comparison to Single Value



#### Comparison to Healthy People 2020 and Healthy North Carolina 2020 Targets

As shown in Figure 56, the circle represents how Edgecombe County compares to a target value. Two target values are taken into consideration for this analysis: Healthy People 2020 and Healthy North Carolina 2020. Healthy People 2020<sup>2</sup> goals are national objectives for improving the health of the nation set by the Department of Health and Human Services' (DHHS) Healthy People Initiative. Healthy North

Figure 58. Comparison to Target Value





Carolina 2020<sup>3</sup> objectives provide a common set of health indicators that the state can work to improve. The North Carolina Institute of Medicine, in collaboration with the Governor's Task Force for Healthy Carolinians; the Division of Public Health, North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services (NC DHHS); the Office of Healthy Carolinians and Health Education, NC DHHS; and the State Center for Health Statistics, NC DHHS, helped lead the development of the Healthy NC 2020 objectives. When comparing to a target, the comparison score is determined by whether the target is met or unmet, and the percent difference between the indicator value and the target value.

#### **Trend Over Time**

As shown in Figure , the square represents the measured trend. The Mann-Kendall statistical test for trend is used to assess whether the value for Edgecombe County is increasing or decreasing over time and whether the trend is statistically significant. The trend comparison uses the four most recent comparable values for the county, and statistical significance is determined at the 90% confidence level. For each indicator with values available for four time periods, a comparison score is determined by the trend's direction and its statistical significance.

Figure 59. Trend Over Time







#### **Missing Values**

Indicator scores are calculated using the comparison scores, availability of which depends on the data source. If an indicator does not have data for a specific comparison type that is included for indicator score calculations, the missing comparison is substituted with a neutral score. When information is unknown due to lack of comparable data, the neutral value assumes that the missing comparison score is neither good nor bad and does not impact the indicator's weighted average.

## **Indicator Scoring**

Indicator scores are calculated as a weighted average of all included comparison scores. If none of the included comparison types are possible for an indicator, no score is calculated, and the indicator is excluded from the data scoring results.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For more information on Healthy People 2020, see https://www.healthypeople.gov/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For more Information on Healthy North Carolina 2020, see: https://publichealth.nc.gov/hnc2020/

## **Topic Scoring**

Indicator scores are averaged by topic area to calculate topic scores. Each indicator may be included in up to three topic areas if appropriate. Resulting scores range from 0-3, where a higher score indicates a greater level of need as evidenced by the data. A topic score is only calculated if it includes at least three indicators.

## Age, Gender and Race/Ethnicity Disparities

When a given indicator has data available for population subgroups – such as age, gender and race/ethnicity – and values for these subgroups include confidence intervals, we are able to determine if there is a significant difference between the subgroup's value and the overall value. A significant difference is defined as two values with non-overlapping confidence intervals. Confidence intervals are not available for all indicators. In these cases, disparities cannot be determined because there is not enough data to conclude whether two values are significantly different from each other.

## **Topic Scoring Table**

Table 20 shows the Topic Scores for Edgecombe County, with higher scores indicating a higher need.

**Table 20. Topic Scores for Edgecombe County** 

Health and Quality of Life Topics	Score
Men's Health	2.20
Wellness & Lifestyle	2.19
Heart Disease & Stroke	2.14
Prevention & Safety	2.13
Public Safety	2.09
Economy	2.06
Mortality Data	2.03
Maternal, Fetal & Infant Health	2.02
Diabetes	2.01
Education	1.98
Immunizations & Infectious Diseases	1.96
Social Environment	1.88
Other Chronic Diseases	1.87
Access to Health Services	1.86
Exercise, Nutrition, & Weight	1.84
Older Adults & Aging	1.78
Substance Abuse	1.78
Transportation	1.77
Mental Health & Mental Disorders	1.71
Environmental & Occupational Health	1.66
County Health Rankings	1.66
Environment	1.65
Women's Health	1.63
Cancer	1.60
Respiratory Diseases	1.50

## **Indicator Scoring Table**

Table 21 (spanning multiple pages) presents the indicator data used in the quantitative data analysis. Indicators are grouped into topic areas and sorted by indicator score, with higher scores indicating a higher need. Edgecombe County values are displayed alongside various comparison values and the period of measurement. Additional data can be found on <a href="https://example.com/HealthENC.org">HealthENC.org</a>.

**Table 21. Indicator Scores by Topic Area** 

SCORE	ACCESS TO HEALTH SERVICES	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.35	Mental Health Provider Rate	2017	providers/ 100,000 population	45	215.5	214.3				5
2.15	Non-Physician Primary Care Provider Rate	2017	providers/ 100,000 population	43.1	102.5	81.2				5
2.00	Primary Care Provider Rate	2015	providers/ 100,000 population	35.1	70.6	75.5				5
1.95	Dentist Rate	2016	dentists/ 100,000 population	24.4	54.7	67.4				5
1.80	Preventable Hospital Stays: Medicare Population	2014	discharges/ 1,000 Medicare enrollees	55.8	49	49.9				20
1.58	Clinical Care Ranking	2018	ranking	52						5
1.18	Persons with Health Insurance	2016	percent	88	87.8		100	92		19

SCORE	CANCER	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.55	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 males	34.1	21.6	20.1	21.8			8
2.50	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Pancreatic Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 population	15.1	10.8	10.9				8
2.50	Pancreatic Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 population	18.4	12	12.5				8
2.45	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 females	29.8	21.6	21.2	20.7			8
2.33	Cervical Cancer Incidence Rate	2008-2012	cases/ 100,000 females	10.2	7.1	7.7	7.3			8

2.30	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Colorectal Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 population	16.6	14.1	14.8	14.5	10.1		8
2.10	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 population	190.9	172	166.1	161.4			8
2.05	Oral Cavity and Pharynx Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 population	13.3	12.2	11.5				8
2.00	Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 males	129.8	125	114.8			Black	8
1.65	Breast Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 females	126.6	129.4	123.5				8
1.50	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 population	51.2	50.7	44.7	45.5			8
1.25	Cancer: Medicare Population	2015	percent	7.6	7.7	7.8				4
1.10	All Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 population	439.7	457	443.6			Male	8
1.10	Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 population	64.5	70	61.2				8
0.90	Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 population	36.3	37.7	39.8	39.9			8
0.70	Liver and Bile Duct Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 population	6	7.7	7.8				8
0.65	Mammography Screening: Medicare Population	2014	percent	70.7	67.9	63.1				20
0.50	Ovarian Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 females	7.8	10.9	11.4				8
0.30	Bladder Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 population	14.5	20.1	20.5				8

SCORE	COUNTY HEALTH RANKINGS	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
1.73	Health Behaviors Ranking	2018	ranking	95						5
1.73	Morbidity Ranking	2018	ranking	97						5
1.73	Mortality Ranking	2018	ranking	94						5
1.73	Social and Economic Factors Ranking	2018	ranking	99						5
1.58	Clinical Care Ranking	2018	ranking	52						5
1.43	Physical Environment Ranking	2018	ranking	46						5

2.50	Adults 20+ with Diabetes	2014	percent	16.2	11.1	10	5
2.30	Diabetes: Medicare Population	2015	percent	37.3	28.4	26.5	4
2.08	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Diabetes	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	29.9	23	21.1	18
1.15	Diabetic Monitoring: Medicare Population	2014	percent	89.2	88.8	85.2	20

SCORE	ECONOMY	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.70	Households with Supplemental Security Income	2012-2016	percent	12	5	5.4				1
2.70	Median Household Income	2012-2016	dollars	32298	48256	55322				1
2.70	Students Eligible for the Free Lunch Program	2015-2016	percent	91.5	52.6	42.6				9
2.65	People Living Below Poverty Level	2012-2016	percent	25.7	16.8	15.1		12.5	6-11, <6, Black or African American	1
2.50	Families Living Below Poverty Level	2012-2016	percent	21.5	12.4	11			Black or African American	1
2.40	Total Employment Change	2014-2015	percent	-1.3	3.1	2.5				22
2.30	Children Living Below Poverty Level	2012-2016	percent	40.6	23.9	21.2			<6, Black or African American	1
2.30	Food Insecurity Rate	2016	percent	25.3	15.4	12.9				6
2.30	People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level	2012-2016	percent	15.6	9.7	9.3				1
2.30	People Living 200% Above Poverty Level	2012-2016	percent	45.9	62.3	66.4				1
2.25	Severe Housing Problems	2010-2014	percent	19	16.6	18.8				5
2.20	Homeownership	2012-2016	percent	51	55.5	55.9				1
2.18	Persons with Disability Living in Poverty (5-year)	2012-2016	percent	33.7	29	27.6				1
2.10	Child Food Insecurity Rate	2016	percent	27.9	20.9	17.9				6
2.10	Per Capita Income	2012-2016	dollars	18009	26779	29829			American Indian or Alaska Native, Black or African American, Hispanic or Latino, Other, Two or More Races	1
2.10	Unemployed Workers in Civilian Labor Force	April 2018	percent	7.1	3.7	3.7				21

2.10	Young Children Living Below Poverty Level	2012-2016	percent	51.8	27.3	23.6		Black or African American	1
2.08	Median Housing Unit Value	2012-2016	dollars	82200	157100	184700			1
1.95	Female Population 16+ in Civilian Labor Force	2012-2016	percent	54.4	57.4	58.3			1
1.95	Population 16+ in Civilian Labor Force	2012-2016	percent	56.8	61.5	63.1			1
1.95	Renters Spending 30% or More of Household Income on Rent	2012-2016	percent	47.1	49.4	47.3	36.1		1
1.78	Median Monthly Owner Costs for Households without a Mortgage	2012-2016	dollars	426	376	462			1
1.73	Social and Economic Factors Ranking	2018	ranking	99					5
1.70	Households with Cash Public Assistance Income	2012-2016	percent	2.5	1.9	2.7			1
1.65	Low-Income and Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	7.8					23
1.10	SNAP Certified Stores	2016	stores/ 1,000 population	1.2					23
1.08	Median Household Gross Rent	2012-2016	dollars	653	816	949			1
0.88	Mortgaged Owners Median Monthly Household Costs	2012-2016	dollars	1012	1243	1491			1

SCORE	EDUCATION	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.50	People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher	2012-2016	percent	10.4	29	30.3			25-34, Hispanic or Latino, Other	1
2.50	People 25+ with a High School Degree or Higher	2012-2016	percent	77.4	86.3	87			65+, Male, Hispanic or Latino, Other	1
1.95	4th Grade Students Proficient in Math	2013-2014	percent	30.1	54.3					14
1.90	High School Graduation	2016-2017	percent	80.7	86.5		87	94.6		14
1.80	Student-to-Teacher Ratio	2015-2016	students/ teacher	16	15.6	17.7				9
1.73	4th Grade Students Proficient in Reading	2012-2013	percent	18.2						14
1.73	8th Grade Students Proficient in Math	2012-2013	percent	11.1						14
1.73	8th Grade Students Proficient in Reading	2012-2013	percent	19						14

SCORE	ENVIRONMENT	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.33	Drinking Water Violations	FY 2013-14	percent	35.6	4			5		5

2.30	Food Environment Index	2018		5.3	6.4	7.7	5
2.25	Severe Housing Problems	2010-2014	percent	19	16.6	18.8	5
2.10	Access to Exercise Opportunities	2018	percent	61.3	76.1	83.1	5
1.95	Liquor Store Density	2015	stores/ 100,000 population	9.2	5.8	10.5	22
1.80	Farmers Market Density	2016	markets/ 1,000 population	0.02			23
1.80	Households with No Car and Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	4.1			23
1.80	Recreation and Fitness Facilities	2014	facilities/ 1,000 population	0.04			23
1.65	Low-Income and Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	7.8			23
1.60	Recognized Carcinogens Released into Air	2016	pounds	10191			24
1.50	Children with Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	3.2			23
1.50	People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	2			23
1.43	Physical Environment Ranking	2018	ranking	46			5
1.35	Grocery Store Density	2014	stores/ 1,000 population	0.2			23
1.35	Houses Built Prior to 1950	2012-2016	percent	14.4	9.1	18.2	1
1.28	Annual Particle Pollution	2011-2013		A			2
1.18	Annual Ozone Air Quality	2014-2016		A			2
1.10	Fast Food Restaurant Density	2014	restaurants/ 1,000 population	0.5			23
1.10	SNAP Certified Stores	2016	stores/ 1,000 population	1.2			23

SCORE	ENVIRONMENTAL & OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
1.90	Asthma: Medicare Population	2015	percent	9	8.4	8.2				4
1.65	Age-Adjusted Hospitalization Rate due to Asthma	2014	hospitalizations/ 10,000 population	233	90.9					11
1.43	Physical Environment Ranking	2018	ranking	46						5

SCORE	EXERCISE, NUTRITION, & WEIGHT	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.45	Adults 20+ who are Obese	2014	percent	36.3	29.6	28	30.5			5
2.40	Workers who Walk to Work	2012-2016	percent	1.3	1.8	2.8	3.1			1
2.35	Adults 20+ who are Sedentary	2014	percent	31.1	24.3	23	32.6			5
2.30	Food Environment Index	2018		5.3	6.4	7.7				5
2.30	Food Insecurity Rate	2016	percent	25.3	15.4	12.9				6
2.10	Access to Exercise Opportunities	2018	percent	61.3	76.1	83.1				5
2.10	Child Food Insecurity Rate	2016	percent	27.9	20.9	17.9				6
1.80	Farmers Market Density	2016	markets/ 1,000 population	0.02						23
1.80	Households with No Car and Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	4.1						23
1.80	Recreation and Fitness Facilities	2014	facilities/ 1,000 population	0.04						23
1.73	Health Behaviors Ranking	2018	ranking	95						5
1.65	Low-Income and Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	7.8						23
1.50	Children with Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	3.2						23
1.50	People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	2						23
1.35	Grocery Store Density	2014	stores/ 1,000 population	0.2						23
1.10	Fast Food Restaurant Density	2014	restaurants/ 1,000 population	0.5						23
1.10	SNAP Certified Stores	2016	stores/ 1,000 population	1.2						23

SCORE	HEART DISEASE & STROKE	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.70	Heart Failure: Medicare Population	2015	percent	17.9	12.5	13.5				4
2.50	Stroke: Medicare Population	2015	percent	4.9	3.9	4				4
2.43	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke)	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	92.4	43.1	36.9	34.8			18
2.30	Hypertension: Medicare Population	2015	percent	69.7	58	55				4
2.10	Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population	2015	percent	52.6	46.3	44.6				4

2.00	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Heart Disease	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	198.7	161.3		161.5	18
2.00	Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population	2015	percent	26.6	24	26.5		4
1.05	Atrial Fibrillation: Medicare Population	2015	percent	7	7.7	8.1		4

SCORE	IMMUNIZATIONS & INFECTIOUS DISEASES	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.50	Syphilis Incidence Rate	2016	cases/ 100,000 population	16.6	10.8	8.7				10
2.28	Gonorrhea Incidence Rate	2016	cases/ 100,000 population	354.5	194.4	145.8				12
2.23	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to HIV	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	7.3	2.2	2	3.3			18
2.18	Chlamydia Incidence Rate	2016	cases/ 100,000 population	932.1	572.4	497.3				12
2.00	HIV Diagnosis Rate	2014-2016	cases/ 100,000 population	30.3	16.1			22.2		12
1.85	AIDS Diagnosis Rate	2016	cases/ 100,000 population	18	7					12
1.43	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	16.5	17.8	14.8		13.5		18
1.18	Tuberculosis Incidence Rate	2014	cases/ 100,000 population	1.8	2	3	1			12

SCORE	MATERNAL, FETAL & INFANT HEALTH	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.43	Babies with Low Birth Weight	2012-2016	percent	12.5	9	8.1	7.8			17
2.43	Babies with Very Low Birth Weight	2012-2016	percent	2.5	1.7	1.4	1.4			17
2.18	Preterm Births	2016	percent	11.6	10.4	9.8	9.4			17
1.55	Infant Mortality Rate	2012-2016	deaths/ 1,000 live births	10.3	7.2		6	6.3		18
1.50	Teen Pregnancy Rate	2012-2016	pregnancies/ 1,000 females aged 15-17	24.5	15.7		36.2			18

\$ SCORE	MEN'S HEALTH	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.55	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 males	34.1	21.6	20.1	21.8			8

2.05	Life Expectancy for Males	2014	years	71.9	75.4	76.7	79.5	7
2.00	Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 males	129.8	125	114.8	Black	8

SCORE	MENTAL HEALTH & MENTAL DISORDERS	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.55	Poor Mental Health: Average Number of Days	2016	days	4.6	3.9	3.8		2.8		5
2.35	Mental Health Provider Rate	2017	providers/ 100,000 population	45	215.5	214.3				5
2.25	Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare Population	2015	percent	10.8	9.8	9.9				4
2.10	Frequent Mental Distress	2016	percent	14.7	12.3	15				5
1.35	Depression: Medicare Population	2015	percent	15.6	17.5	16.7				4
0.73	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Alzheimer's Disease	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	16.5	31.9	26.6				18
0.63	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Suicide	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	8.8	12.9	13	10.2	8.3		18

SCORE	MORTALITY DATA	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.85	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Firearms	2014-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	22.7	12.7	11	9.3			3
2.78	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Homicide	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	15.2	6.2	5.5	5.5	6.7		18
2.55	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 males	34.1	21.6	20.1	21.8			8
2.50	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Pancreatic Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 population	15.1	10.8	10.9				8
2.50	Premature Death	2014-2016	years/ 100,000 population	10880.8	7281.1	6658.1				5
2.45	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 females	29.8	21.6	21.2	20.7			8
2.43	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke)	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	92.4	43.1	36.9	34.8			18
2.30	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Colorectal Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 population	16.6	14.1	14.8	14.5	10.1		8
2.23	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to HIV	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	7.3	2.2	2	3.3			18
2.20	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings	2014-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	17.7	15.1	15.4		9.9		3

2.18	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	40.6	31.9	41.4	36.4		18
2.10	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 population	190.9	172	166.1	161.4		8
2.08	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Diabetes	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	29.9	23	21.1			18
2.05	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	21.1	14.1				18
2.05	Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths	2012-2016	percent	31.8	31.4	29.3		4.7	5
2.00	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Heart Disease	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	198.7	161.3			161.5	18
1.80	Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning	2014-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	17.2	16.2	16.9			5
1.73	Mortality Ranking	2018	ranking	94					5
1.55	Infant Mortality Rate	2012-2016	deaths/ 1,000 live births	10.3	7.2		6	6.3	18
			nve ontiis		7.2		· ·		
1.50	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 population	51.2	50.7	44.7	45.5		8
1.50		2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000	51.2		14.8		13.5	
	Cancer  Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza		deaths/ 100,000 population deaths/ 100,000		50.7				8
1.43	Cancer  Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia  Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population deaths/ 100,000 population deaths/ 100,000	16.5	50.7	14.8			18

SCORE	OLDER ADULTS & AGING	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.70	Chronic Kidney Disease: Medicare Population	2015	percent	25.5	19	18.1				4
2.70	Heart Failure: Medicare Population	2015	percent	17.9	12.5	13.5				4
2.50	Stroke: Medicare Population	2015	percent	4.9	3.9	4				4
2.30	Diabetes: Medicare Population	2015	percent	37.3	28.4	26.5				4
2.30	Hypertension: Medicare Population	2015	percent	69.7	58	55				4
2.30	People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level	2012-2016	percent	15.6	9.7	9.3				1
2.25	Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare Population	2015	percent	10.8	9.8	9.9				4
2.10	Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population	2015	percent	52.6	46.3	44.6				4
2.10	People 65+ Living Alone	2012-2016	percent	29.4	26.8	26.4				1
2.00	Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population	2015	percent	26.6	24	26.5				4

1.90	Asthma: Medicare Population	2015	percent	9	8.4	8.2	4
1.75	COPD: Medicare Population	2015	percent	12.1	11.9	11.2	4
1.65	Rheumatoid Arthritis or Osteoarthritis: Medicare Population	2015	percent	29.1	29.1	30	4
1.50	People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	2			23
1.35	Depression: Medicare Population	2015	percent	15.6	17.5	16.7	4
1.25	Cancer: Medicare Population	2015	percent	7.6	7.7	7.8	4
1.25	Osteoporosis: Medicare Population	2015	percent	5.2	5.4	6	4
1.15	Diabetic Monitoring: Medicare Population	2014	percent	89.2	88.8	85.2	20
1.05	Atrial Fibrillation: Medicare Population	2015	percent	7	7.7	8.1	4
0.73	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Alzheimer's Disease	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	16.5	31.9	26.6	18
0.65	Mammography Screening: Medicare Population	2014	percent	70.7	67.9	63.1	20

SCO	ORE	OTHER CHRONIC DISEASES	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.	.70	Chronic Kidney Disease: Medicare Population	2015	percent	25.5	19	18.1				4
1.	.65	Rheumatoid Arthritis or Osteoarthritis: Medicare Population	2015	percent	29.1	29.1	30				4
1.	.25	Osteoporosis: Medicare Population	2015	percent	5.2	5.4	6				4

SCORE	PREVENTION & SAFETY	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.85	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Firearms	2014-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	22.7	12.7	11	9.3			3
2.25	Severe Housing Problems	2010-2014	percent	19	16.6	18.8				5
2.20	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Poisonings	2014-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	17.7	15.1	15.4		9.9		3
2.18	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	40.6	31.9	41.4	36.4			18
2.05	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	21.1	14.1					18
1.80	Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning	2014-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	17.2	16.2	16.9				5
1.60	Domestic Violence Deaths	2016	number	2						15

SCORE	PUBLIC SAFETY	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.85	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Firearms	2014-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	22.7	12.7	11	9.3			3
2.78	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Homicide	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	15.2	6.2	5.5	5.5	6.7		18
2.08	Violent Crime Rate	2016	crimes/ 100,000 population	565.2	374.9	386.3				13
2.05	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Collisions	2012-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	21.1	14.1					18
2.05	Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths	2012-2016	percent	31.8	31.4	29.3		4.7		5
1.60	Domestic Violence Deaths	2016	number	2						15
1.20	Property Crime Rate	2016	crimes/ 100,000 population	2688.6	2779.7					13

1.90         Asthma: Medicare Population         2015         percent         9         8.4         8.2         4           1.75         COPD: Medicare Population         2015         percent         12.1         11.9         11.2         4           1.65         Age-Adjusted Hospitalization Rate due to Asthma         2014         hospitalizations/ 10,000 population         233         90.9         90.9         11           1.50         Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer         2010-2014         deaths/ 100,000 population         51.2         50.7         44.7         45.5         8	SCORE	RESPIRATORY DISEASES	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
1.65 Age-Adjusted Hospitalization Rate due to Asthma 2014 10,000 233 90.9 11  Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung 2010 2014 deaths/ 100,000 51.2 50.7 44.7 45.5	1.90	Asthma: Medicare Population	2015	percent	9	8.4	8.2				4
1.65 Age-Adjusted Hospitalization Rate due to 2014 10,000 233 90.9 11  Asthma 2014 10,000 233 90.9 11  Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung 2010 2014 deaths/ 100,000 51.2 50.7 44.7 45.5	1.75	COPD: Medicare Population	2015	percent	12.1	11.9	11.2				4
150 5 3 3010 3014 7 513	1.65		2014	10,000	233	90.9					11
	1.50		2010-2014		51.2	50.7	44.7	45.5			8
Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia 2012-2016 deaths/ 100,000 population 16.5 17.8 14.8 13.5 18	1.43		2012-2016		16.5	17.8	14.8		13.5		18
1.18         Tuberculosis Incidence Rate         2014         cases/ 100,000 population         1.8         2         3         1         12	1.18	Tuberculosis Incidence Rate	2014	,	1.8	2	3	1			12
1.10         Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate         2010-2014         cases/ 100,000 population         64.5         70         61.2         8	1.10	Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014		64.5	70	61.2				8

SCORE	SOCIAL ENVIRONMENT	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.70	Median Household Income	2012-2016	dollars	32298	48256	55322				1
2.65	People Living Below Poverty Level	2012-2016	percent	25.7	16.8	15.1		12.5	6-11, <6, Black or African American	1

2.50	People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher	2012-2016	percent	10.4	29	30.3			25-34, Hispanic or Latino, Other	1
2.50	People 25+ with a High School Degree or Higher	2012-2016	percent	77.4	86.3	87			65+, Male, Hispanic or Latino, Other	1
2.40	Single-Parent Households	2012-2016	percent	58.6	35.7	33.6				1
2.40	Total Employment Change	2014-2015	percent	-1.3	3.1	2.5				22
2.30	Children Living Below Poverty Level	2012-2016	percent	40.6	23.9	21.2			<6, Black or African American	1
2.20	Homeownership	2012-2016	percent	51	55.5	55.9				1
2.10	People 65+ Living Alone	2012-2016	percent	29.4	26.8	26.4				1
2.10	Per Capita Income	2012-2016	dollars	18009	26779	29829			American Indian or Alaska Native, Black or African American, Hispanic or Latino, Other, Two or More Races	1
2.10	Young Children Living Below Poverty Level	2012-2016	percent	51.8	27.3	23.6			Black or African American	1
2.08	Median Housing Unit Value	2012-2016	dollars	82200	157100	184700				1
1.95	Female Population 16+ in Civilian Labor Force	2012-2016	percent	54.4	57.4	58.3				1
1.95	Population 16+ in Civilian Labor Force	2012-2016	percent	56.8	61.5	63.1				1
1.78	Median Monthly Owner Costs for Households without a Mortgage	2012-2016	dollars	426	376	462				1
1.73	Social and Economic Factors Ranking	2018	ranking	99						5
1.70	Voter Turnout: Presidential Election	2016	percent	63.2	67.7					16
1.18	Persons with Health Insurance	2016	percent	88	87.8		100	92		19
1.15	Linguistic Isolation	2012-2016	percent	1.4	2.5	4.5				1
1.08	Median Household Gross Rent	2012-2016	dollars	653	816	949				1
1.00	Mean Travel Time to Work	2012-2016	minutes	21.8	24.1	26.1				1
0.88	Mortgaged Owners Median Monthly Household Costs	2012-2016	dollars	1012	1243	1491				1
0.80	Social Associations	2015	membership associations/ 10,000 population	12.7	11.5	9.3				5

SCORE	SUBSTANCE ABUSE	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.70	Adults who Smoke	2016	percent	21.8	17.9	17	12	13		5
2.05	Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths	2012-2016	percent	31.8	31.4	29.3		4.7		5
1.95	Liquor Store Density	2015	stores/ 100,000 population	9.2	5.8	10.5				22
1.80	Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning	2014-2016	deaths/ 100,000 population	17.2	16.2	16.9				5
1.73	Health Behaviors Ranking	2018	ranking	95						5
0.45	Adults who Drink Excessively	2016	percent	13	16.7	18	25.4			5

SCORE	TRANSPORTATION	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.40	Workers who Walk to Work	2012-2016	percent	1.3	1.8	2.8	3.1			1
2.30	Households without a Vehicle	2012-2016	percent	11.7	6.3	9				1
2.10	Workers who Drive Alone to Work	2012-2016	percent	83.1	81.1	76.4			Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	1
1.80	Households with No Car and Low Access to a Grocery Store	2015	percent	4.1						23
1.80	Workers Commuting by Public Transportation	2012-2016	percent	0.6	1.1	5.1	5.5			1
1.00	Mean Travel Time to Work	2012-2016	minutes	21.8	24.1	26.1				1
1.00	Solo Drivers with a Long Commute	2012-2016	percent	26.3	31.3	34.7				5

SCORE	WELLNESS & LIFESTYLE	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.55	Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor or Fair	2016	percent	24.9	17.6	16		9.9		5
2.40	Poor Physical Health: Average Number of Days	2016	days	4.4	3.6	3.7				5
2.25	Insufficient Sleep	2016	percent	39.6	33.8	38				5
2.25	Life Expectancy for Females	2014	years	77.9	80.2	81.5		79.5		7
2.10	Frequent Physical Distress	2016	percent	14.5	11.3	15				5
2.05	Life Expectancy for Males	2014	years	71.9	75.4	76.7		79.5		7
1.73	Morbidity Ranking	2018	ranking	97						5

SCORE	WOMEN'S HEALTH	MEASUREMENT PERIOD	UNITS	EDGECOMBE COUNTY	NORTH CAROLINA	U.S.	HP2020	HEALTHY NC 2020	HIGH DISPARITY*	SOURCE
2.45	Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer	2010-2014	deaths/ 100,000 females	29.8	21.6	21.2	20.7			8
2.33	Cervical Cancer Incidence Rate	2008-2012	cases/ 100,000 females	10.2	7.1	7.7	7.3			8
2.25	Life Expectancy for Females	2014	years	77.9	80.2	81.5		79.5		7
1.65	Breast Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 females	126.6	129.4	123.5				8
1.60	Domestic Violence Deaths	2016	number	2						15
0.65	Mammography Screening: Medicare Population	2014	percent	70.7	67.9	63.1				20
0.50	Ovarian Cancer Incidence Rate	2010-2014	cases/ 100,000 females	7.8	10.9	11.4				8

## **Sources**

Table 22 displays the list of sources used in secondary data scoring. Number keys are referenced alongside each indicator in the Indicator Scoring Table.

**Table 22. Indicator Sources and Corresponding Number Keys** 

Number Key	Source
1	American Community Survey
2	American Lung Association
3	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
4	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
5	County Health Rankings
6	Feeding America
7	Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation
8	National Cancer Institute
9	National Center for Education Statistics
10	National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention
11	North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services
12	North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, Communicable Disease Branch
13	North Carolina Department of Justice
14	North Carolina Department of Public Instruction
15	North Carolina Department of Public Safety
16	North Carolina State Board of Elections
17	North Carolina State Center for Health Statistics
18	North Carolina State Center for Health Statistics, Vital Statistics
19	Small Area Health Insurance Estimates
20	The Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care
21	U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
22	U.S. Census - County Business Patterns
23	U.S. Department of Agriculture - Food Environment Atlas
24	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

# **Appendix C. Primary Data**

Primary data used in this assessment was collected through a community survey and focus groups. The survey instruments and focus group questions are provided in this Appendix:

- English Survey
- Spanish Survey
- Focus Group Questions

## **English Survey**

# Eastern North Carolina Community Health Survey 2018

Welcome to the Community Health Survey for Eastern North Carolina!

We are conducting a Community Health Assessment for your county. This assessment is being undertaken by a partnership of 33 counties, hospitals, health systems, and health departments in Eastern North Carolina. It allows these partners to better understand the health status and needs of the community they serve and use the knowledge gained to implement programs that will benefit the community.

We can better understand community needs by gathering voices from the community. This survey allows community members like you to tell us about what you feel are important issues for your community. We estimate that it will take about 20 minutes to complete this ~60 question survey. Your answers to these questions will be kept confidential and anonymous.

Thank you very much for your input and your time! If you have questions about this survey, please contact Will Broughton at <a href="will.broughton@foundationhli.org">will.broughton@foundationhli.org</a>.

### Part 1: Quality of Life

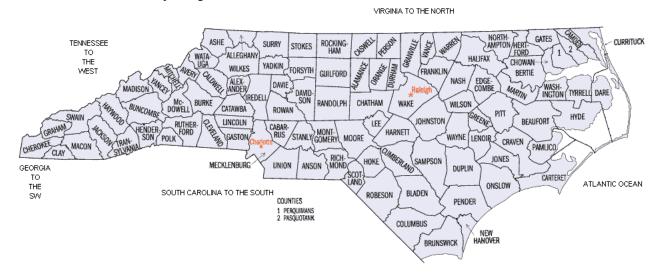
First, tell us a little bit about yourself...

1. Where do you	Where do you currently live?			
ZIP/Postal Code				

### 2. What county do you live in?

Beaufort	Franklin	Onslow
Bertie	Gates	Pamlico
Bladen	Greene	Pasquotank
Camden	Halifax	Pender
Carteret	Hertford	Perquimans
Chowan	Hoke	Pitt
Cumberland	Hyde	Sampson
Currituck	Johnston	Tyrrell
Dare	Lenoir	Washington
Duplin	Martin	Wayne
Edgecombe	Nash	Wilson

### **North Carolina County Map**



3. Think about the county that you live in. Please tell us whether you "strongly disagree", "disagree", "neutral", "agree" or "strongly agree" with each of the next 9 statements.

Statements	Strongly Strongly Disagree Agree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree
There is good healthcare in my County.				
This County is a good place to raise children.				
This County is a good place to grow old.				
There is plenty of economic opportunity in this County.				
This County is a safe place to live.				
There is plenty of help for people during times of need in this County.				
There is affordable housing that meets my needs in this County.				
There are good parks and recreation facilities in this County.				
It is easy to buy healthy foods in this County.				

# **PART 2: Community Improvement**

The next set of questions will ask about community problems, issues, and services that are important to you. Remember your choices will not be linked to you in any way.

	ase look at this list of com- uality of life in this County	-	issues. In your opinion, what see choose only one.)	hich <u>on</u>	e issue most affects	
	Pollution (air,		Discrimination/		Domestic violence	
water,	, land)	racism	1		Violent crime	
	Dropping out of		Lack of community	(murde	er, assault)	
school	1	suppor	rt		Theft	
	Low		Drugs (Substance		Rape/sexual assault	
incom	ne/poverty	Abuse	Abuse)			
	Homelessness		Neglect and abuse			
	Lack of/inadequate		Elder abuse			
health	insurance		Child abuse			
	Hopelessness					
	Other (please specify)					

	your opinion, which <u>one</u> on the opinion of the opinion of the opinion of the opinion, which <u>one opinion</u> of the opinion, which <u>one opinion</u> of the opinion, which <u>one opinion</u> of the opinion opinion, which <u>one opinion</u> opinion, which <u>one opinion</u> opinion, which <u>one opinion</u> opinion opini		O	ie most ii	mprovement in your
	Animal control		Number of health		Positive teen
	Child care options	care	providers	activi	ties
	Elder care options		Culturally		Transportation
	Services for	appro	opriate health services	option	ns Availability
disab	led people		Counseling/ mental	of em	ployment
	More affordable	healt	h/ support groups		Higher paying
healtl	h services		Better/ more	emplo	oyment
	Better/ more	recre	ational facilities		Road maintenance
healtl	hy food choices	(park	s, trails, community		Road safety
	More	cente	ers)		None
afford	dable/better housing		Healthy family		
		activ	ities		
	Other (please specify)				

# PART 3: Health Information

Now we'd like to hear more about where you get health information...

	your opinion, which <u>one</u> mation about? ( <i>Please sug</i>			ur own co	mmunity need more
	Eating well/		Using child safety		Substance abuse
nutrit	tion	car se	eats	preve	ntion (ex: drugs and
	Exercising/ fitness		Using seat belts	alcoh	ol)
	Managing weight		Driving safely		Suicide prevention
	Going to a dentist		Quitting smoking/		Stress management
for cl	heck-ups/ preventive	tobac	eco use prevention		Anger management
care			Child care/		Domestic violence
	Going to the doctor	parer	nting	preve	ntion
for ye	early check-ups and		Elder care		Crime prevention
scree	nings		Caring for family		Rape/ sexual abuse
	Getting prenatal	mem	bers with special	preve	ntion
care (	during pregnancy	needs	s/ disabilities		None
	Getting flu shots		Preventing		
and c	other vaccines	pregr	nancy and sexually		
	Preparing for an	trans	mitted disease (safe		
emer	gency/disaster	sex)			
	Other (please specify)				
7. W	here do you get most of yo	our heal	lth-related information?	? (Please c	hoose only one.)
	Friends and family		Internet		Employer
	Doctor/nurse		My child's school		Help lines
	Pharmacist		Hospital		Books/magazines
	Church		Health department		

_	 			
Γ				
1				

8. W	hat health topic(s)/ diseas	se(s) wou	ıld you like to learn moı	re about?	
	you provide care for an ose only one.)	elderly	relative at your residence	ce or at ar	nother residence?
	Yes				
	No				
	Oo you have children betv udes step-children, grand				
	Yes				
	No (if No, skip to qu	uestion #	<sup>4</sup> 12)		
	Which of the following hermation about? (Check al.	-		ild/childr	en need(s) more
	Dental hygiene		Diabetes		Drug abuse
	Nutrition	mana	igement		Reckless
	Eating disorders		Tobacco	drivii	ng/speeding
	Fitness/Exercise		STDs (Sexually		Mental health
	Asthma	Trans	smitted Diseases)	issue	S
mana	agement		Sexual intercourse		Suicide prevention
			Alcohol		
	Other (please specify)				

## PART 4: Personal Health

These next questions are about your own personal health. Remember, the answers you give for this survey will not be linked to you in any way.

12. Would you say that, in	general, your health is (	Choose only one.)	
Excellent			
Very Good			
Good			
Fair			
Poor			
Don't know/not sure			
13. Have you ever been told any of the following health		No	Don't Know
A -41			
Asthma			
Depression or anxiety			
High blood pressure			
High cholesterol			
Diabetes (not during pregnancy)			
Osteoporosis			
Overweight/obesity			
Angina/heart disease			
Cancer			

	hich of the following prevo t apply.)	entive s	ervices have you had in	the past	t 12 months? (C	Check
	Mammogram		Bone density test		Vision screen	ning
	Prostate cancer		Physical exam		Cardiovascul	lar
screen	ing		Pap smear	scree	ening	
	Colon/rectal exam		Flu shot		Dental clean	ing/X-
	Blood sugar check		Blood pressure	rays		
	Cholesterol	check			None of the a	above
	Hearing screening		Skin cancer			
		screen	ing			
	oout how long has it been so ? Include visits to dental	•			•	
	Within the past year (anyti	ime less	than 12 months ago)			
	Within the past 2 years (m	ore than	n 1 year but less than 2 year	ears ago)		
	Within the past 5 years (m	ore than	n 2 years but less than 5 y	ears ago	)	
	Don't know/not sure					
	Never					
	the past 30 days, have the going about your normal a			sad or w	vorried kept yo	u
	No					
	Don't know/not sure					
	e next question is about a glass of wine, or a drink v		•	t to a 12	-ounce beer, a	5
you ha	dering all types of alcoholiave 5 or more drinks (if m		<b>4 or more drinks (if fem</b> 9	nale) on a	an occasion?	21
			10	16		<u></u> 22
エエフ	5     8	1 1	11   14	17	20	23

<u> </u>	25	□ 26	□ 27	□ 28	□ 29	□ 30	
	on't know / not s	ure					
	w we will ask a	-	_		_	• •	
	drugs are impo formation is pe		-			-	
	-		·		_		
-	you used any ill les marijuana, c		_	-			_
about	how many days	s have you u	ised one of tl	nese drugs?	(Choose only	one.)	
$\Box$ 0	□ 4	□ 8	☐ 12	☐ 16	☐ 20	☐ 24	☐ 28
	5	 9	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
_ 2	☐ 6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	on't know / not s	ure					
(if you	responded 0, sk	ip to questio	on #20)				
19. Du	iring the past 30	days, whic	ch illegal dru	g did you us	se? (Check a	ll that apply.	)
	Marijuana						
	Cocaine						
	Heroin						
	Other (please sp	pecify)					
20 Du	ıring the past 30	) days have	vou tekon e	ny procerint	tion drugs th	ot von did i	not hove o
prescr	ription for (such	as Oxycon	tin, Percocet	, Demerol, A	Adderall, Rit	talin, or Xar	nax)? How
•	times during the ription for? (Che	-	•	ise a prescri	ption drug t	hat you did	not have a
preser	iption for . (Che						
	<u></u> 4	8	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	□ 20	<u> </u>	□ 28
	<u> </u>	□ 9             □ 10             □ 10	<ul><li>☐ 13</li><li>☐ 14</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ 17</li><li>□ 10</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ 21</li><li>□ 22</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ 25</li><li>□ 26</li></ul>	☐ 29
<ul><li>□ 1</li><li>□ 2</li><li>□ 3</li></ul>	□ 5 □ 6 □ 7	☐ 9 ☐ 10 ☐ 11	☐ 13 ☐ 14 ☐ 15	☐ 17 ☐ 18 ☐ 19	☐ 21 ☐ 22 ☐ 23	<ul><li>□ 25</li><li>□ 26</li><li>□ 27</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ 29</li><li>□ 30</li></ul>

☐ Don't know / not sure

US A	e next question relates to veteran's health. Have you ever served on active duty in the med Forces (not including active duty only for training in the Reserves or National 1)? (Choose only one.)
	Yes
	No (if No, skip to question #23)
	s a doctor or other health professional ever told you that you have depression, y, or post traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)? (Choose only one.)
	Yes
	No
regul	w we'd like to know about your fitness. During a normal week, other than in your r job, do you engage in any physical activity or exercise that lasts at least a half an (Choose only one.)
	Yes
	No (if No, skip to question #26)
	Don't know/not sure (if Don't know/not sure, skip to question #26)
	nce you said yes, how many times do you exercise or engage in physical activity g a normal week?

25. W	25. Where do you go to exercise or engage in physical activity? (Check all that apply.)						
	YMCA		Worksite/Employer				
	Park		School Facility/Grounds				
	Public Recreation Center		Home				
	Private Gym		Place of Worship				
	Other (please specify)						
Since	you responded YES to #23 (physical activit	y/exercis	e), skip to question #27.				
	nce you said "no", what are the reasons yo g a normal week? You can give as many o						
	My job is physical or hard labor		I don't like to exercise.				
	Exercise is not important to me.		It costs too much to exercise.				
	I don't have access to a facility that has		There is no safe place to exercise.				
the thi	ngs I need, like a pool, golf course, or a		I would need transportation and I				
track.		don	't have it.				
	I don't have enough time to exercise.		I'm too tired to exercise.				
	I would need child care and I don't have		I'm physically disabled.				
it.			I don't know				
	I don't know how to find exercise						
partne	rs.						
	Other (please specify)						

# 27. $\underline{\text{Not}}$ counting lettuce salad or potato products such as french fries, think about how often you eat fruits and vegetables in an average week.

Number Number	er of Cups of Fruit er of Cups of Vegetables er of Cups of 100% Fruit Juice			
Numbe	er of Cups of 100% Fruit Juice			
28. Hav				
	ve you ever been exposed to see	condhand smok	e in the past year	r? (Choose only one.)
	Yes			
	No (if No, skip to question ?	<b>#30</b> )		
	Don't know/not sure (if Don't	know/not sure, s	kip to question #	30)
29. If yon	ves, where do you think you are	e exposed to seco	ondhand smoke	most often? (Check
	Home			
	Workplace			
	Hospitals			
	Restaurants			
	School			
	I am not exposed to secondhand	l smoke.		
	Other (please specify)			

	you currently use tobacco products? (Thing tobacco and vaping.) (Choose only one.		des cigarettes, electronic cigarettes,
	Yes		
	No (if No, skip to question #32)		
31. If	yes, where would you go for help if you w	anted to	o quit? (Choose only one).
	Quit Line NC		Health Department
	Doctor		I don't know
	Pharmacy		Not applicable; I don't want to quit
	Private counselor/therapist		
	Other (please specify)		
vaccin spraye	ow we will ask you questions about your pose can be a "flu shot" injected into your and into your nose. During the past 12 monuments only one.)	rm or s	pray like ''FluMist'' which is
	Yes, flu shot		
	Yes, flu spray		
	Yes, both		
	No		
	Don't know/not sure		

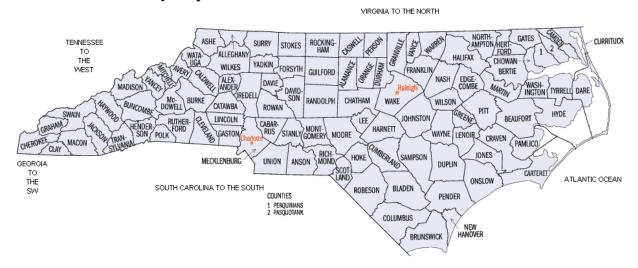
# Part 5: Access to Care/Family Health

33. W	Where do you go <u>most often</u> when y	you are sick? (Cl	hoose only one.)
	Doctor's office		Medical clinic
	Health department		Urgent care center
	Hospital		
	Other (please specify)		
	o you have any of the following ty	pes of health ins	surance or health care
cover	rage? (Choose all that apply.)		
	Health insurance my employer pr	rovides	
	Health insurance my spouse's emp	ployer provides	
	Health insurance my school provi	ides	
	Health insurance my parent or my	y parent's employe	er provides
	Health insurance I bought myself		
	Health insurance through Health	Insurance Market	place (Obamacare)
	The military, Tricare, or the VA		
	Medicaid		
	Medicare		
	No health insurance of any kind		
	n the past 12 months, did you have personally or for a family member		ing the health care you needed for
-	macy, or other facility? (Choose o		nearth care provider, dentist,
	Yes		
	No (if No, skip to question #3	38)	
	Don't know/not sure		

	ince you said ''yes,'' what typ trouble getting health care fi	_	-		-
	Dentist		Pediatrician		Urgent Care Center
	General practitioner		OB/GYN		Medical Clinic
	Eye care/ optometrist/		Health		Specialist
ophthalmologist		depar	tment		
	Pharmacy/		Hospital		
presci	riptions				
	Other (please specify)				
	hich of these problems prev sary health care? You can cl	•	•		0 0
	•		5 <b>u</b> y	<i>y</i> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•
	No health insurance.	T/	1 1		
	Insurance didn't cover what			• 1	
	My/our share of the cost (de		2 0	igh.	
	Doctor would not take my/o				
	Hospital would not take my/			. 1	
	Pharmacy would not take m			Id.	
	Dentist would not take my/o	our insu	rance or Medicaid.		
	No way to get there.				
	Didn't know where to go.				
	Couldn't get an appointment	•			
	The wait was too long.				
	The provider denied me care	e or trea	ted me in a discrim	inatory man	ner because of my
HIV s	status, or because I am an LGE	BT indiv	idual.		

38. In	what county a	re most	of the medical	provid	ers you visit loc	ated? (	Choose only one.)
	Beaufort				Martin		Richmond
	Bertie	Edgec	ombe		Moore		Robeson
	Bladen		Franklin		Nash		Sampson
	Brunswick		Gates		New		Scotland
	Camden		Granville	Hanov	ver er		Tyrrell
	Carteret		Greene				Vance
	Chowan		Halifax	North	ampton		Wake
	Columbus		Harnett		Onslow		Warren
	Craven		Hertford		Pamlico		Washington
			Hoke		Pasquotank		Wayne
Cumb	erland		Hyde		Pender		Wilson
	Currituck		Johnston				The State of
	Dare		Jones	Perqui	imans	Virgin	ia
	Duplin		Lenoir		Pitt		
	Other (please s	specify)					

### **North Carolina County Map**



d run out before you got money to buy n		· ·
Yes		
No		
Don't know/not sure		
a friend or family member needed cour e problem, who is the first person you w	_	C
Private counselor or therapist		Don't know
Support group (e.g., AA. Al-Anon)		Doctor
School counselor		Pastor/Minister/Clergy
Other (please specify)		

# **Part 6: Emergency Preparedness**

-	one.)		oon monoxide detectors? (Choose
	Yes, smoke detectors only		
	Yes, both		
	Don't know/not sure		
	Yes, carbon monoxide detectors only	7	
	No		
peris	Does your family have a basic emergershable food, any necessary prescription electric can opener, blanket, etc.)		
	Yes		
	No		
	Don't know/not sure		
If yes	s, how many days do you have supplies	for? (Write n	umber of days)
	What would be your main way of gettister or emergency? (Check only one.)	ing informati	on from authorities in a large-scale
		ing informati	_
	ster or emergency? (Check only one.)	ing informati	Social networking site
	ster or emergency? (Check only one.)  Television	ing informati	_
	Television Radio	ing informati	Social networking site Neighbors
	Television Radio Internet	ing informati	Social networking site Neighbors Family Text message (emergency alert
	Television Radio Internet Telephone (landline)		Social networking site Neighbors Family Text message (emergency alert

comm	public authorities announced a mandatory unity due to a large-scale disaster or emer k only one.)		
	Yes (if Yes, skip to question #46)		
	No		
	Don't know/not sure		
45. W. one.)	hat would be the main reason you might n	ot evac	euate if asked to do so? (Check only
	Lack of transportation		Concern about leaving pets
	Lack of trust in public officials		Concern about traffic jams and
	Concern about leaving property	inabili	ity to get out
behind	1		Health problems (could not be
	Concern about personal safety	moved	d)
	Concern about family safety		Don't know/not sure
	Other (please specify)		

# Part 7: Demographic Questions

The next set of questions are general questions about you, which will only be reported as a summary of all answers given by survey participants. Your answers will remain anonymous.

46. Ho	46. How old are you? (Choose only one.)						
	15-19		40-44		65-69		
	20-24		45-49		70-74		
	25-29		50-54		75-79		
	30-34		55-59		80-84		
	35-39		60-64		85 or older		
47. W	47. What is your gender? (Choose only one.)						
	Male						
	Female						
	Transgender						
	Gender non-conforming						
	Other						
48. Ar	48. Are you of Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin? (Choose only one).						
	I am not of Hispanic, Latin	no or Sp	panish origin				
	Mexican, Mexican American	an, or C	Chicano				
	Puerto Rican						
	Cuban or Cuban American	ı					
	Other Hispanic or Latino (	please s	specify)				

49. V	What is your race? (Choose only one).
	White or Caucasian
	Black or African American
	American Indian or Alaska Native
	Asian Indian
	Other Asian including Japanese, Chinese, Korean, Vietnamese, and Filipino/a
	Other Pacific Islander including Native Hawaiian, Samoan, Guamanian/Chamorro
	Other race not listed here (please specify)
<b>50.</b> Is	s English the primary language spoken in your home? (Choose only one.)
	Yes
	No. If no, please specify the primary language spoken in your home.
51. V	What is your marital status? (Choose only one.)
	Never married/single
	Married
	Unmarried partner
	Divorced
	Widowed
	Separated
	Other (please specify)

52. S	elect the highest level of education	you ha	ve achie	ved. (Choose only one.)	
	Less than 9th grade				
	9-12th grade, no diploma				
	High School graduate (or GED/eq	uivalent	t)		
	Associate's Degree or Vocational	Training	g		
	Some college (no degree)				
	Bachelor's degree				
	Graduate or professional degree				
	Other (please specify)				
53. V	What was your total household inco	ome last	t year, b	efore taxes? (Choose only one.)	
	Less than \$10,000			\$35,000 to \$49,999	
	\$10,000 to \$14,999			\$50,000 to \$74,999	
	\$15,000 to \$24,999			\$75,000 to \$99,999	
	\$25,000 to \$34,999			\$100,000 or more	
<b>54.</b> E	nter the number of individuals in	your ho	ousehold	(including yourself).	
55. V	What is your employment status? (	Check a	ll that a	nnlv.)	
	, 100 is jour ourprogramme success (			· <b>P·J·</b> /	
	Employed full-time		Homer	naker	
	Employed part-time		Self-er	mployed	
	Retired		Unemp	ployed for 1 year or less	
	Armed forces		Unemp	ployed for more than 1 year	
	Disabled				
	Student				

56. Do you have access to the Internet at home (including broadband, wifi, dial-up or cellular data)? (Choose only one.)							
	Yes						
	No						
	Don't know/not sure						
	57. (Optional) Is there anything else you would like us to know about your community? Please feel free to tell us below.						

Thank you for your time and participation!

If you have questions about this survey, please contact us at will.broughton@foundationhli.org.

## **Spanish Survey**

### Encuesta de salud de la comunidad del Este de Carolina del Norte 2018

¡Bienvenido a la encuesta de salud comunitaria para el Este de Carolina del Norte!

Estamos llevando a cabo una evaluación de salud comunitaria para su condado. Esta evaluación está siendo realizada por una asociación de 33 condados, hospitales, sistemas de salud y departamentos de salud en el Este de Carolina del Norte. Esta evaluación les permite a estos socios comprender mejor el estado de salud y las necesidades de la comunidad a la que sirven y utilizar el conocimiento adquirido para implementar programas que beneficiarán a esta comunidad.

Podemos entender mejor las necesidades de la comunidad reuniendo las voces de los miembros de su comunidad. Esta evaluación permite que los miembros de la comunidad como usted, nos cuente sobre lo que considera son asuntos importantes para su comunidad. De ante mano le agradecemos por los 20 minutos que tomará completar esta encuesta de 57 preguntas. Sus respuestas a estas preguntas se mantendrán confidenciales y anónimas.

¡Muchas gracias por su aporte y su tiempo! Si tiene preguntas sobre esta encuesta, puede enviar un correo electrónico a Will Broughton en will.broughton@foundationhli.org.

#### PARTE 1: Calidad de vida

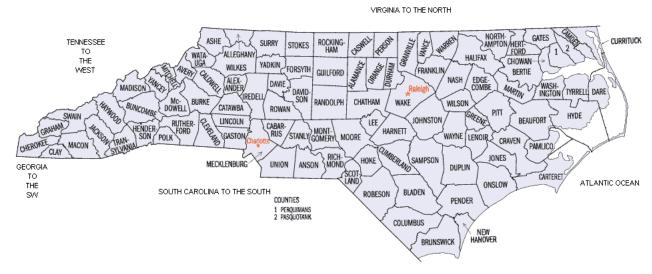
Primero, cuéntanos un poco sobre usted:

3. ¿Dónde vive actualmente?					
Código postal					

### 4. ¿En qué condado vive?

Beaufort	Franklin	Onslow
Bertie	Gates	Pamlico
Bladen	Greene	Pasquotank
Camden	Halifax	Pender
Carteret	Hertford	Perquimans
Chowan	Hoke	Pitt
Cumberland	Hyde	Sampson
Currituck	Johnston	Tyrrell
Dare	Lenoir	Washington
Duplin	Martin	Wayne
Edgecombe	Nash	Wilson

### Mapa del condado de Carolina del Norte



3. Piense en el condado en el que vive. Por favor díganos si está "totalmente en desacuerdo", "en desacuerdo", "neutral", "de acuerdo" o "muy de acuerdo" con cada una de las siguientes 9 declaraciones.

	Muy en	En		De
Declaración	Muy de desacuerdo acuerdo	desacuerdo	Neutral	acuerdo
Hay una buena atención médica en mi condado.				
Este condado es un buen lugar para criar niños.				
Este condado es un buen lugar para envejecer.				
Hay buenas oportunidades económicas en este condado.				
Este condado es un lugar seguro para vivir.				
Hay mucha ayuda para las personas durante los momentos de necesidad en este condado.				
Hay viviendas accesibles que satisfacen mis necesidades en este condado.				
Hay buenos parques e instalaciones de recreación en este condado.				
Es fácil adquirir comidas saludables en este				

## PARTE 2: Mejora de la comunidad

La siguiente serie de preguntas le preguntará sobre problemas y servicios de la comunidad que son importantes para usted. Recuerde que sus respuestas son privadas y no serán relacionadas con usted en ninguna manera.

	Contaminación		Discriminación /		Violencia
(aire, a	agua, tierra)	racism	10	domé	stica
	Abandono de la		Falta de apoyo de		Delito violento
escuela	a	la con	nunidad	(asesi	nato, asalto)
	Bajos ingresos /		Drogas (Abuso de		Robo
pobrez	za	sustan	acias)		Violación /
	Falta de hogar		Descuido y abuso	agresi	ón sexual
	Falta de un seguro		Maltrato a personas		
de salu	ıd adecuado	mayor	res		
	Desesperación		Abuso infantil		
	Otros (especificar)				

5. En su opinión, ¿cuál de los siguientes servicios necesita la mayor mejoría en su vecindario o comunidad? (Por favor elija solo uno)					
	Control Animal		Número de		Actividades
	Opciones de	proveedores de atención		positiv	as para adolescentes
cuidad	do infantil	médic	ea		Opciones de
	Opciones de		Servicios de salud	transp	orte
cuidad	do para ancianos	aprop	iados de acuerdo a su		Disponibilidad de
	Servicios para	cultur	a	emple	0
person	nas con discapacidad		Consejería / salud		Empleos mejor
	Servicios de salud	mental / grupos de apoyo		pagado	os
más a	ccesibles		Mejores y más		Mantenimiento de
	Mejores y más	instala	aciones recreativas	carrete	eras
opcion	nes de alimentos	(parques, senderos, centros			Carreteras seguras
saluda	ables	comunitarios)			Ninguna
	Más accesibilidad /		Actividades		
mejor	es vivienda	famili	ares saludables		
	Otros (especificar)				
1					_

#### PARTE 3: Información de salud

Ahora nos gustaría saber un poco más sobre dónde usted obtiene información de salud.

#### 6. En su opinión, ¿sobre qué área de salud necesitan más información las personas de su comunidad? (Por favor sugiera solo uno) Comer bien / Usar asientos de de transmisión sexual nutrición seguridad para niños (sexo seguro) Ejercicio Usar cinturones de Prevención del seguridad abuso de sustancias (por Manejo del peso Ir a un dentista para Conducir ejemplo, drogas y alcohol) Prevención del chequeos / cuidado cuidadosamente preventivo Dejar de fumar / suicidio Ir al médico para prevención del uso de Manejo del estrés chequeos y exámenes Control de la tabaco Cuidado de niños / ira/enojo anuales Obtener cuidado crianza Prevención de prenatal durante el Cuidado de violencia doméstica embarazo ancianos Prevención del Recibir vacunas Cuidado de crimen miembros de familia con Violación / contra la gripe y otras vacunas necesidades especiales o prevención de abuso Prepararse para una discapacidades sexual emergencia / desastre Prevención del Ninguna embarazo y enfermedades Otros (especificar)

	dónde saca la mayor par olo una respuesta)	te de su	información relacionada	con la	salud? ( <i>Por favor</i>
	Amigos y familia		La escuela de mi		Empleador
	Doctor / enfermera	hijo			Líneas telefónicas
	Farmacéutico		Hospital	de ay	uda
	Iglesia		Departamento de		Libros / revistas
	Internet	salud			
	Otros (especificar)				
8. ¿De	e qué temas o enfermedac	les de sa	lud le gustaría aprender i	más?	
9. ¿Cı	uida de un pariente ancia	no en su	casa o en otra casa? (Elij	ia solo ı	una).
	Sí				
	No				
•	Tiene hijos entre las edado ros, nietos u otros parien	•	19 de los cuales usted es <i>ja solo una)</i> .	el guar	dián? (Incluye
	Sí				
	No (Si su respuesta e	es No, sai	lte a la pregunta numero 1	<i>(2)</i>	

•	11. ¿Cuáles de los siguientes temas de salud cree que sus hijos necesitan más información? (Seleccione todas las opciones que corresponden).					
	Higiene dental		Manejo de la		Abuso de drogas	
	Nutrición	diabet	es		Manejo imprudente	
	Trastornos de la		Tabaco	/ exces	so de velocidad	
alimei	ntación		ETS (enfermedades		Problemas de salud	
	Ejercicios	de tran	nsmisión sexual)	mental	[	
	Manejo del asma		Relación sexual		Prevención del	
			Alcohol	suicidi	0	
	Otros (especificar)					

## PARTE 4: Salud personal

Las siguientes preguntas son sobre su salud personal. Recuerde, las respuestas que brinde para esta encuesta no serán ligadas con usted de ninguna manera.

12. En general, diría que su salud es (Elija solo una).					
Excelente					
Muy buena					
Buena					
Justa					
Pobre					
No sé / no estoy seguro					
13. ¿Alguna vez un médico, er alguna de las siguientes condic		No	No lo sé		
Asma					
Depresión o ansiedad					
Alta presión sanguínea					
Colesterol alto					
Diabetes (no durante el embarazo)					
Osteoporosis					
Sobrepeso / obesidad					
Angina / enfermedad cardíaca					
Cir.					

14. ¿Cuál de los siguientes servicios preventivos ha tenido usted en los últimos 12 meses? (Seleccione todas las opciones que corresponden).					
	Mamografía		Prueba de densidad		Examen de la vista
	Examen de cáncer	de los	huesos		Evaluación
de pró	stata		Examen físico	cardio	vascular (el corazón)
	Examen de colon /		Prueba de		Limpieza dental /
recto		Papani	icolaou	radiog	rafías
	Control de azúcar		Vacuna contra la		Ninguna de las
en la s	angre	gripe		anterio	ores
	Examen de		Control de la		
Colest	erol	presió	n arterial		
	Examen de		Pruebas de cáncer		
audici	ón (escucha)	de piel	I		
_	<u>-</u>	especia	na vez que visitó a un denti listas dentales, como ortod 2 meses)		_
	Hace 2 (más de un año per	o meno	os de dos años)		
	Hace más de 5 años (más o	de 2 año	os pero menos de 5 años)		
	No sé / no estoy seguro				
	Nunca				
16. En los últimos 30 días, ¿ha habido algún día que se ha sentido triste o preocupado y le haya impedido realizar sus actividades normales? (Elija solo una).					
	Sí				
	No				
	No sé / no estoy seguro				

onzas, una copa de vino de 5 onzas o una bebida con un trago de licor.							
	Considerando todos los tipos de bebidas alcohólicas, ¿cuántas veces durante los últimos 30 días tomó 5 o más bebidas (si es hombre) o 4 o más bebidas (si es mujer) en una ocasión?						
<u> </u>	4	<b>8</b>	<u> </u>	16	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>28</u>
1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	17	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
_ 2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>22</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
3	7	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>23</u>	<u> </u>	
	o sé / no estoy se	eguro					
dan la de sal	nora le vamos a as personas sobr ud en el condad estas se manten	e su uso de o. Sabemos	drogas son i que esta inf	mportantes	para compr	ender los pr	oblemas
marih	usado alguna di uana, cocaína, o os días has usad	crack, heroí	na o cualqui	ier otra susta	ancia ilegal.		
<u> </u>	4	<b>8</b>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>28</u>
1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	13	17	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
_ 2	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>22</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	15	<u> </u>	<u>23</u>	<u> </u>	
	o sé / no estoy se	eguro					
(Si su	respuesta es 0, s	alte a la pre	gunta nume	ro 20)			
19. Durante los últimos 30 días, ¿qué droga ilegal ha usado? (Marque todas las que corresponden).							
	Mariguana						
	Cocaína						
	Heroína						
	Otros (especific	car)					

tenía u ¿Cuán	rante los últim na receta (por tas veces dura na receta? (El	ejemplo, O nte los últin	xycontin, Pe nos 30 días u	rcocet, Demo	erol, Addera	ll, Ritalin o	Xanax)?
<u> </u>	4	<b>8</b>	<u> </u>	16	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>28</u>
1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
_ 2	□ 6	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	18	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
☐ 3	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	15	<u> </u>	<u>23</u>	<u> </u>	
☐ No	sé / no estoy se	eguro					
fuerza Estado	siguiente preg s Armadas. ¿A os Unidos (Sin i ia Nacional)? (	lguna vez h incluir el se	a estado en s rvicio activo	servicio activ	o en las Fue	rzas Armad	as de los
	Sí		N		22)		
	No (Si su r	espuesia es	No, salte a la	гргедины на	intero 23)		
_	lguna vez un n ad o trastorno		_				presión,
	Sí						
	No						
23. Ahora nos gustaría saber sobre su estado físico. Durante una semana normal, aparte de su trabajo habitual, ¿realiza alguna actividad física o ejercicio que dure al menos media hora? (Elija solo una).							
	Sí						
		_	No, salte a la				
pregun	No sé / no esto ta numero 26)	y seguro	(Si su resp	ouesta es No	se / no estoy	seguro, salte	e a la
24. Como dijo que sí, ¿cuántas veces hace ejercicio o se involucra en alguna actividad física durante una semana normal?							

_	A dónde va a hacer ejercicio o participa en sponden).	activida	nd físicas? (Marque todas las que
	YMCA		Sitio de trabajo / Empleador
	Parque		Terrenos escolares / instalaciones
	Centro de Recreación Pública		Casa
	Gimnasio privado		Iglesia
	Otros (especificar)		
Como	o su respuesta fue Si a la pregunta 23 (activ	idad físic	ra / ejercicio), salte a la pregunta
26. Y	a que dijo "no", ¿cuáles son las razones p nte una semana normal? Puedes dar tanto	_	2
	Mi trabajo es trabajo físico o trabajo		No sé cómo encontrar
duro		con	npañeros de ejercicio.
	El ejercicio no es importante para mí.		No me gusta hacer ejercicio
	No tengo acceso a una instalación que		Me cuesta mucho hacer ejercicio.
tenga	las cosas que necesito, como una piscina,		No hay un lugar seguro para hacer
un cai	mpo de golf o una pista.	ejer	rcicio.
	No tengo suficiente tiempo para hacer		Necesito transporte y no lo tengo.
ejerci	cio.		Estoy demasiado cansado para
	Necesitaría cuidado de niños y no lo	hac	er ejercicio.
tengo			Estoy físicamente deshabilitado.
			No lo sé.
	Otros (especificar)		

27. Sin contar ensalada de lechuga o productos de papa como papas fritas, piense en la frecuencia con la que come frutas y verduras en una semana normal.				
¿Cuántas tazas por semana de frutas y vegetales dirías que comes? (Una manzana o 12 zanahorias pequeñas equivalen a una taza).				
Cantidad de tazas de fruta				
Número de tazas de verduras				
Cantidad de tazas de jugo de fruta 100%				
28. ¿Alguna vez estuvo expuesto al humo del cigarro de alguien que fumó cerca de usted durante el último año? (Elija solo una).				
☐ Sí				
No (Si su respuesta es No, salte a la pregunta numero 30)				
No sé / no estoy seguro (Si su respuesta es No se / no estoy seguro, salte a la				
pregunta numero 30)				
29. En caso afirmativo, ¿dónde cree que está expuesto al humo de segunda mano con mayor frecuencia? (Marque solo uno)				
Casa				
Lugar de trabajo				
Hospitales				
Restaurantes				
Colegio				
No estoy expuesto al humo de segunda mano.				
Otros (especificar)				

-	Actualmente usa algún producto que cont ónicos, masticar tabaco o cigarro de vap		
	Sí		
	No (Si su respuesta es No, salte a la p	pregunta	numero 32)
31. Er	ı caso afirmativo, ¿a dónde iría en busca na).	de ayud	la si quisiera dejar de fumar? (Elija
	QUITLINE NC (ayuda por teléfono)		Departamento de salud
	Doctor		No lo sé
	Farmacia		No aplica; No quiero renunciar
	Consejero / terapeuta privado		
	Otros (especificar)		
contra o tam	nora le haremos preguntas sobre sus vac a la influenza / gripe puede ser una ''inye bién el espray ''FluMist'' que se rocía en ló contra la gripe o se puso el espray "Flu	ección co su nariz	ontra la gripe'' inyectada en su brazo z. Durante los últimos 12 meses, ¿se
	Sí, vacuna contra la gripe		
	Sí, FluMist		
	Si ambos		
	No		
	No sé / no estoy seguro		

## PARTE 5: Acceso a la atención / Salud familiar

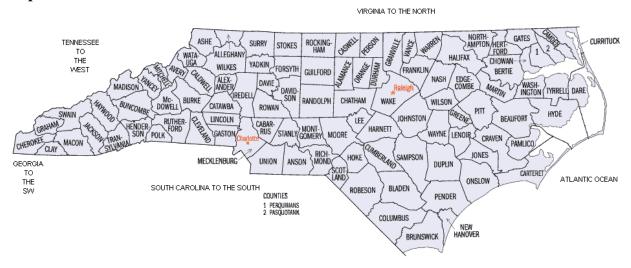
33. ¿A dónde va más a menudo cuando está enfermo? (Elija solo uno)					
	Oficina del doctor		Clínica Médica		
	Departamento de salud		Centro de cuidado urgente		
	Hospital				
	Otros (especificar)				
3/1 ·T	'iene alguno de los siguientes tipos de segui	ro do co	olud o cobortura do atonción		
_	a? (Elija todos los que aplique)	io ue sa	aidu o cobei tui a de atencion		
	Seguro de salud que mi empleador proporci	ona			
	Seguro de salud que proporciona el emplead		ni cónvuge		
	Seguro de salud que mi escuela proporciona		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	Seguro de salud que proporciona mi padre o		pleador de mis padres		
	Seguro de salud que compré				
	Seguro de salud a través del Mercado de Se	guros N	Médicos (Obamacare)		
	Seguro Militar, Tricare o él VA	_			
	Seguro de enfermedad				
	Seguro médico del estado				
	Sin plan de salud de ningún tipo				
	los últimos 12 meses, ¿tuvo problemas pa		_		
	taba para usted  o para un familiar de cua a, dentista, farmacia u otro centro? ( <i>Elija</i> s	-	• •		
	Sí				
	No (Si su respuesta es No, salte a la pro	oaunta	numero 38)		
	No sé / no estov seguro	gunu	numero 50)		

	ado que usted dijo "sí", ¿Co obtener atención médica? P				
	Dentista		Pediatra		Centro de atención
	Médico general		Ginecologo	urger	nte
	Cuidado de los ojos /		Departamento		Clínica Médica
opton	netrista / oftalmólogo	de sal	lud		Especialista
	Farmacia / recetas		Hospital		
médio	cas				
	Otros (especificar)				
•	Cuáles de estos problemas le	_			btener la atención
mear	ca necesaria? Puede elegir ta	amos ue	e estos como necesite	<b>:.</b>	
	No tiene seguro medico				
	El seguro no cubría lo que n	necesital	ba		
	El costo del deducible del se	eguro er	ra demasiado alto		
	El doctor no aceptaba el seg	guro ni e	el Medicaid.		
	El hospital no aceptaba el se	eguro.			
	La farmacia no aceptaba el	seguro 1	ni el Medicaid.		
	El dentista no aceptaba el se	eguro ni	el Medicaid.		
	No tengo ninguna manera d	e llegar	allí.		
	No sabía a dónde ir.				
	No pude conseguir una cita.	•			
	La espera fue demasiado lar	rga.			
	El proveedor me negó atenc	ción o m	ne trató de manera dis	criminator	ria debido a mi estado
de VI	H, o porque soy lesbiana, gay	, bisexu	al o trangenero.		

# 38. ¿En qué condado se encuentra la mayoría de los proveedores médicos que visita? (Elija solo uno)

Martin Pitt
combe Moore Richmond
Franklin Nash Robeson
Gates New Sampson
Granville Hanover Scotland
Greene Tyrrell
Halifax Northampton
Harnett Onslow Wake
Hertford Pamlico Warren
Hoke Washington
Hyde Pasquotank Wayne
Johnston Pender Wilson
Jones El Estado de
Lenoir Perquimans Virginia
Harnett Onslow Wake Hertford Pamlico Warren Hoke Washington Hyde Pasquotank Wayne Johnston Pender Wilson Jones El Estado de

#### Mapa del condado de Carolina del Norte



	l los últimos 12 meses, ¿alguna vez le preoc ría antes de obtener dinero para comprar i	-	
	Sí		
	No		
	No sé / no estoy seguro		
menta	un amigo o miembro de la familia necesita il o de abuso de drogas o alcohol, ¿quién es ablen? (Elija solo uno)		
	Consejero o terapeuta privado		No sé
	Grupo de apoyo		Doctor
	Consejero de la escuela		Pastor o funcionario religioso
	Otros (especificar)		
	PARTE 6: Preparación	ı para	emergencias
_	Tiene en su hogar detectores de humo y mo solo uno)	nóxido	de carbono en funcionamiento?
	Sí, solo detectores de humo		
	Si ambos		
	No sé / no estoy seguro		
	Sí, sólo detectores de monóxido de carbono		
	No		

alime	su familia tiene un kit basico de suminist entos no perecederos, cualquier receta nec rna y baterías, abrelatas no eléctrico, cobi	cesaria, s	suministros de primeros auxilios,
	Sí		
	No		
	No sé / no estoy seguro		
En ca	so que sí, ¿cuántos días tiene suministros? (	Escriba (	el número de días)
•	Cuál sería su forma principal de obtener stre o emergencia a gran escala? ( <i>Marque</i>		
	Televisión		Sitio de red social
	Radio		Vecinos
	Internet		Familia
	Línea de teléfono en casa		Mensaje de texto (sistema de alerta
	Teléfono celular	de en	nergencia)
	Medios impresos (periódico)		No sé / no estoy seguro
	Otros (especificar)		
comu	i las autoridades públicas anunciaran una midad debido a un desastre a gran escala a solo uno)		<u> </u>
	Sí (Si su respuesta es Sí, salte a la p	regunta	numero 46)
	No		
	No sé / no estoy seguro		

•	Cuál sería la razón principal por la que no que solo uno)	evacua	ría si le pidieran que lo hiciera?
	Falta de transporte		Preocupación por la seguridad
	La falta de confianza en los	famil	iar
funci	onarios públicos		Preocupación por dejar mascotas
	Preocupación por dejar atrás la		Preocupación por los atascos de
propi	edad	tráfic	o y la imposibilidad de salir
	Preocupación por la seguridad		Problemas de salud (no se pudieron
perso	nal	move	er)
			No sé / no estoy seguro
	Otros (especificar)		

## PARTE 7: Preguntas demográficas

La siguiente serie de preguntas son preguntas generales sobre usted, que solo se informarán como un resumen de todas las respuestas dadas por los participantes de la encuesta. Tus respuestas permanecerán en el anonimato.

49. ¿C	Cuál es su raza? (Elija solo uno)
	Blanco
	Negro o Afroamericano
	Indio Americano o nativo de Alaska
	Indio Asiático
	Otros- Asiáticos, incluidos Japonés, Chino, Coreano, Vietnamita y Filipino
	Otros isleños del Pacífico, incluidos los nativos de Hawaii, Samoa, Guamanian /
Chamo	orro
	Otra raza no incluida aquí (especifique)
50. ¿E	l inglés es el idioma principal que se habla en su hogar? (Elija solo uno)
	Sí
	No. En caso negativo, especifique el idioma principal que se habla en su hogar.
51. ¿C	Cuál es tu estado civil? (Elija solo uno)
	Nunca casado / soltero
	Casado
	Pareja- soltera
	Divorciado
	Viudo
	Separado
	Otros (especificar)

52. Se	eleccione el nivel más	alto de	educación que ha alc	canzado	. (Elija solo uno)
	Menos de 9no grado				
	9-12 grado, sin diploma				
	Graduado de secundaria (o GED / equivalente)				
	Grado Asociado o Fo	ormació	n Profesional		
	Un poco de universid	lad (sin	título)		
	Licenciatura				
	Licenciado o título p	rofesion	al		
	Otros (especificar)				
53. ¿( uno)	Cuál fue el ingreso tot	al de su	hogar el año pasado	, antes	de impuestos? (Elija solo
	Menos de \$10,000			\$35,00	00 a \$49,999
	\$10,000 a \$14,999			\$50,00	00 a \$74,999
	\$15,000 a \$24,999			\$75,00	00 a \$99,999
	\$25,000 a \$34,999			\$100,0	000 o más
54. In	grese el número de p	ersonas	en su hogar (incluyé	indose a	usted)
55. ¿0	Cuál es su estado labo	ral? (Se	eleccione todas las op	ciones q	ue corresponden).
	Empleado de		Fuerzas Armadas		Trabajadores por cuenta
tiemp	o completo		Discapacitado	propia	ı
	Empleado a tiempo		Estudiante		Desempleado 1 año o menos
parcia	1		Ama de casa		Desempleado por más de 1
	Retirado			año	

56. ¿Tiene acceso al internet es su casa (Esto incluye alta velocidad, wifi, acceso telefónico o datos móviles)? ( $Elija\ solo\ uno$ )		datos
	Sí	
	No	
	No sé / no estoy seguro	
57. (Opcional) ¿Hay algo más que le gustaría que sepamos sobre su comunidad? Por favor, siéntase libre de decirnos a continuación.		

¡Gracias por su tiempo y participación!

Si tiene preguntas sobre esta encuesta, envíenos un correo electrónico a will.broughton@foundationhli.org.

## **Focus Group Questions**

Participants' Resident County(ies):	
Focus Group Name / Number:	<b>Date Conducted:</b>
Location:	
Start Time:	End Time:
Number of Participants:	<b>Population Type (if applicable):</b>
Moderator Name:	Moderator Email:
Note Taker Name:	Note Taker Email:
Core Questions  1. Introduce yourself and tell us what you think is the b	pest thing about living in this community.
2. What do people in this community do to stay healthy Prompt: What do you do to stay healthy?	?
3. In your opinion, what are the serious health related per the causes of these problems?	problems in your community? What are some of
4. What keeps people in your community from being he Prompt: What challenges do you face that keep you from healthy?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5. What could be done to solve these problems?  Prompt: What could be done to make your community he services?	ealthier? Additional services or changes to existing

6. Is there any group not receiving enough health care? If so, what group? And why?
7. Is there anything else you would like us to know?
Additional Questions
1. How do people in this community get information about health? How do you get information about health?
2. Have you or someone close to you ever experienced any challenges in trying to get healthcare services? If so, what happened?
3. What is the major environmental issue in the county?
4. Describe collaborative efforts in the community. How can we improve our level of collaboration?
5. What are the strengths related to health in your community?  Prompt: Specific strengths related to healthcare?  Prompt: Specific strengths to a healthy lifestyle?
6. If you had \$100,000 to spend on a healthcare project in the county, how would you spend it?

## **Key Themes**

Summarize the top 2-3 themes from this focus group discussion.

1.

2.

3.

### **Appendix D. Community Resources**

The Edgecombe County Health Department regularly updates a comprehensive community resource guide that includes the following but is not limited to:

- Adoption
- AIDS
- Behavioral Health Services
- Child Care
- Counseling Services
- Disabled Citizens Services
- Education
- Emergency Services
- Environmental Health
- Financial Assistance
- Food
- Health Services
- Homebound Services
- Housing
- Job Services
- Legal Services
- Literacy Programs
- Pregnancy Services
- Professional Resources
- Senior Citizens Services
- Substance Use Services
- Support Groups
- Transportation
- Youth Development Services

This resource guide is disseminated to the community and can also be provided upon request.